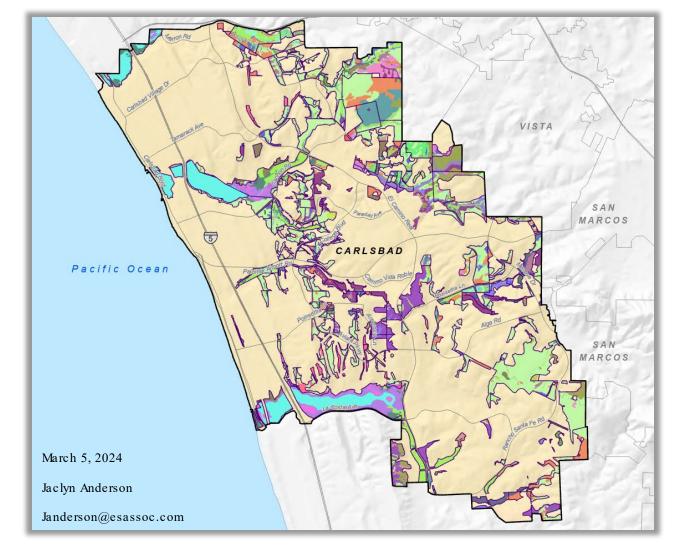


Potential Vegetation Restoration Opportunities



Goals for Analysis

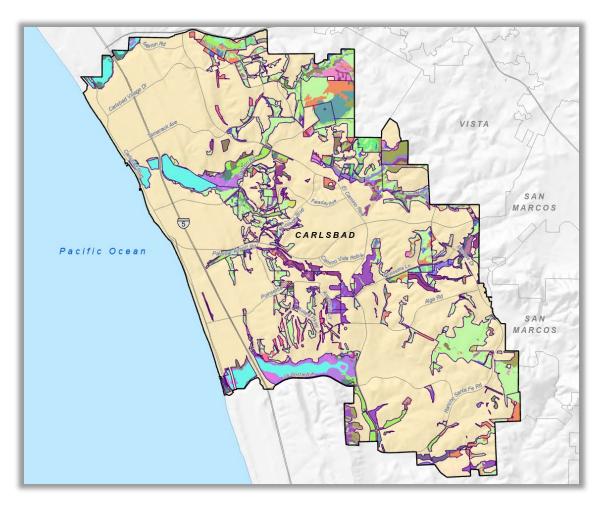
- 1. Identify vegetation communities within the city's Habitat Management Plan (HMP) hardline preserve areas that provide restoration opportunities
- 2. Determine whether there has been any change in vegetation between the baseline HMP vegetation mapping and current vegetation throughout the city's HMP preserve system



Methods - Restoration Opportunities

- 1. Create composite vegetation layer for entire HMP preserve system, using the following layers:
 - 1. HMP Current Vegetation
 - 2. Regional Vegetation for the Western San Diego County (AECOM 2012)
 - 3. Regional Vegetation (SanGIS)

^{*} Holland/Oberbauer vegetation classification system (Holland) was used as the default mapping unit





Methods - Restoration Opportunities

- 2. Determine Potential Restoration Opportunities within Existing Hardline, Proposed Hardline, and Standards Areas using the following factors:
 - Mitigation Vegetation Type (Restoration Opportunities)
 - 2. Local Facilities Management Zones
 - 3. Preserve management
 - 4. Upland or Wetland

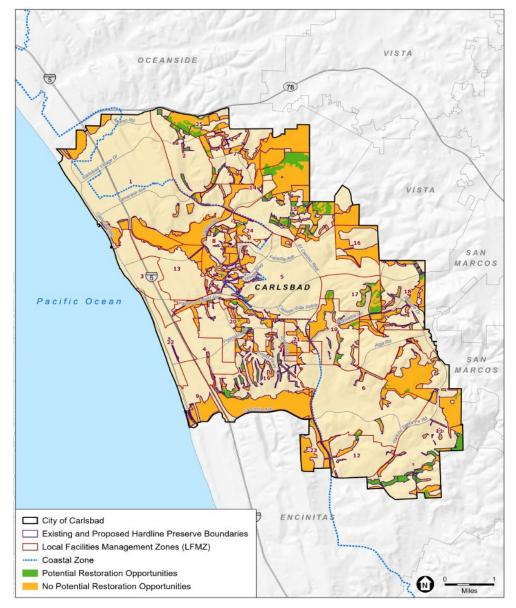
| General Vegetation Type | Specific Vegetation Types (Including Holland Code) | Mitigation Opportunity* | |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | Restoration/ Enhancement | Creation/Subst Restoration |
| Uplands | y | | 0 |
| Coastal Sage Scrub | 32000 Coastal Scrub, 32400 Maritime Succulent Scrub, 32500 Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub, 32510 Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub: Coastal form, 32530 Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub: Baccharisdominated | х | |
| Chaparral | 37000 Chaparral, 37120 Southern Mixed Chaparral, 37200 Chamise Chaparral, 37900 Scrub Oak Chaparral, 37C30 Southern Maritime Chaparral, 37G00 Coastal Sage-Chaparral Transition | х | |
| Native Grassland | 42000 Valley and Foothill Grassland, 42100 Native Grassland, 42110 Valley Needlegrass Grassland, 42120 Valley Sacaton Grassland, 42130 Saltgrass Grassland, 42300 Wildflower Field | × | |
| Oak Woodland | 71100 Oak Woodland, 71160 Coast Live Oak Woodland, 71180 Engelmann Oak Woodland | х | |
| Non-Native Grassland | 42200 Non-Native Grassland, 42210 Non-Native Grassland; Broadleaf-Dominated | | × |
| Eucalyptus Woodland | 79100 Eucalyptus Woodland | | × |
| Disturbed Habitat | 11000 Non-Native Vegetation, 11300 Disturbed Habitat, 11300 Omamental | | × |
| Agriculture | 18000 General Agriculture, 18100 Orchards and Vineyards, 18200 Intensive Agriculture - Daintes, Nursenies, Chicken Ranches, 18300 Extensive Agriculture - Field/Pasture, Row Crops, 18310 Field/Pasture, 18320 Row Crops | | × |
| Wetlands | | | |
| Vernal Pool | 44000 Vernal Pool | X. | |
| Marsh | 45320 Alkali Seep, 52120 Southern Coastal Salt Marsh, 52300 Alkali Marsh, 52310 Cismontane Alkali Marsh, 52400 Freshwater Marsh, 52410 Coastal and Valley Freshwater Marsh | x | |
| Riparian Forest and Woodland | 61300 Southern Riparian Forest, 61310 Southern Coast Live Oak Riparian Forest, 61320 Southern Arroyo Willow Riparian Forest, 61330 Southern Cottonwood-Willow Riparian Forest, 62000 Riparian Woodlands, 62500 Southern Riparian Woodland | х | |
| Riparian Scrub | 63000 Riparian Scrub, 63300 Southern Riparian Scrub, 63310 Mule Fat Scrub, 63320 Southern Willow Scrub | × | |
| Non-Native Wetland | 11200 Disturbed Wetland, 13000 Univegetated Habitat, 63810 Tamarisk Scrub, 65000 Non-Native Riparian | | × |

It is not possible to distinguish between disturbed and high quality habitat; therefore, polygons marked with "Yes" for restoration or mitigation opportunity and generally candidates for creation and substantial restoration, rather than enhancement or restoration.



Results - Restoration Opportunities

- Approximately 910 acres of vegetation with potential for restoration opportunities identified within HMP hardline preserve areas
- Composite vegetation layer with filters provided to the city





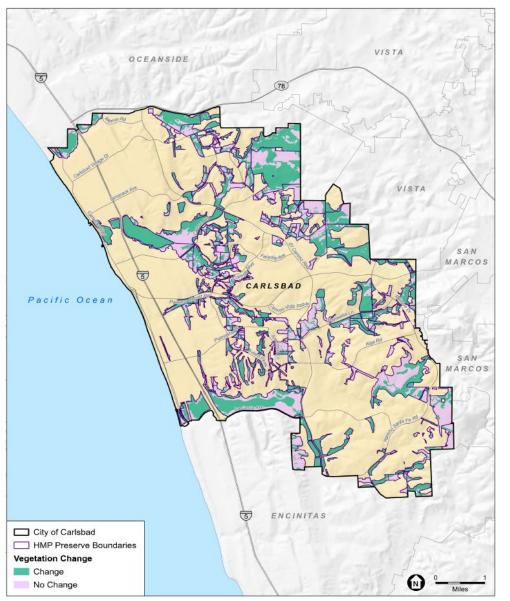
Methods – Vegetation Change

- 1. The composite vegetation layer was compared to the HMP baseline vegetation layer originally mapped in 1999
- 2. A new layer was created indicating whether vegetation was different between the two datasets.
 - 1. Simplified vegetation categories were added for both 1999 and 2023 vegetation for easy comparison



Results – Vegetation Change

- Approximately 3,966 acres of vegetation have changed since the city's original mapping was completed in 1999
- Vegetation layer with results of comparison and simplified vegetation categories provided to the city





Thank you!

Additional questions can be directed to Janderson@esassoc.com

