



AXON

# TASER Training

In-House Instructor Course

Instructor Certification Course TASER® X26™ /X26P™ /X2™

Conducted Electrical Weapons (CEWs)

Version 20.2 - Effective January 15, 2018



# Goal

To provide the basic operational theory and practical training necessary to instruct users to operate TASER Conducted Electrical Weapons (CEWs) reasonably, safely and effectively.

# Course Objectives

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Describe the Program Requirements associated with this course
- Explain the technology associated with CEWs
- Safely conduct voluntary exposures
- Describe the nomenclature and operation of the CEWs and CEW cartridges
- Explain proper care and troubleshooting techniques

# Course Objectives

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Explain CEW Smart Use Considerations
- Explain the tactical considerations associated with CEW use
- Explain proper probe placement and aiming requirements
- Conduct proper uploading and downloading of CEWs
- Demonstrate safe handling of CEWs
- Demonstrate the ability to teach end users in the proper use and handling of CEWs



# **Training Version 20.2**

**With the release of Version 20.2, all prior TASER training materials and Training Bulletins are superseded and rendered obsolete.**

# Release and Warning Requirements

- **Warning Acknowledgement:** All students attending TASER User and Instructor certification courses will be required to **acknowledge** that they have read and understand the warnings prior to participating in any hands-on CEW drills required by the certification course.
- **You are only required to sign a release if you take a voluntary exposure\***
- Updated copies of Version 20.2 documents can be found on the Training Resource page at <https://www.axon.com/training/resources>

# License Agreement

All TASER training materials/documents are copyrighted and:

- Must be used in their entirety (PowerPoint® slides, video, and instructor notes)
- May only be used by TASER Training certified instructors holding a current certification on the CEW model being taught
- **May not be used for commercial purpose**

**If you access or use TASER's training materials, you accept and agree to be bound by Axon's License Agreement.**

# Program Requirements

Instructor ***MUST*** go to <https://www.axon.com/training/resources> within 72 hours of instruction and use only current materials

1.

The screenshot shows the Axon Training Resources website. The browser address bar displays the URL <https://www.axon.com/training/resources>. The website header includes the Axon logo and navigation links: SOLUTIONS, BUY, TRAINING, SUPPORT, COMPANY, and CONNECT. Below the header, there is a large image showing a group of people in a training environment. A yellow banner at the bottom of the image contains the text "The Currently Approved Instructors and Hosts Lesson Plans Version 2" and a "DOWNLOAD MATERIALS" button. Below the banner, the "Resources" section lists several links:

- [Annual TASER® Conducted Electrical Weapon \("CEW"\) User Recertification](#)
- [CEW Study Aid Selected Use Guidelines](#)
- [End-User Certification Requirements, V20](#)
- [Training Materials Licensing Agreement, V20](#)

2.

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# Program Requirements

Instructor ***MUST*** ensure program includes ***only*** the most current and up-to-date versions of ***all*** of training materials:

- PowerPoint® Version of Training Program
- Training Bulletins and Annual Updates
- Product Warnings
- Product Manual
- TASER Instructor and User: Warnings, Risks & Release Agreement (“Release”)

# Disclaimers

- TASER certified instructors are NOT authorized to make any changes to TASER's training and warning materials. Any change inconsistent with those materials is specifically disclaimed.
- Agencies should add departmental policy on CEW use.

# Disclaimers

- TASER Training does NOT set use of force policies, general orders, or procedures.
- TASER Training does not give legal advice and nothing contained in these training materials creates any form of attorney-client relationship. Be sure to consult with your local legal advisors for any legal advice, guidance, or direction.
- TASER training materials may include videos or other information from outside sources to facilitate discussion. The inclusion of such materials is not an endorsement of the procedures or tactics depicted.

# Disclaimers

- Each agency is responsible for creating its own use of force policies and procedures.
- Use of force policy should address CEW use, and should be communicated to all officers.
- TASER CEWs are serious weapons and should be treated as such at all times.
- TASER CEWs are not a substitute for authorized deadly force.

# Use of Training Videos

- Review introductory slides and instructor notes for each video
- Emphasize learning points
- Discuss positive and negative points
- Discuss in relation to:
  - Constitutional standards
  - Your department's policies
- Encourage open discussion

# Expectations

You must successfully complete the entire curriculum to be certified by TASER Training as a TASER instructor

- **Instructor certification is valid for two years from the date certified**
- **Users must be recertified annually or more frequently as necessary to stay current with updated manufacturer warnings/training and court decisions**

Ask questions. If we do not know the answer, we will find it for you.

# Safety Rules

- No live firearms in training area
- Every participant is responsible for immediately reporting any safety issues. If an unsafe condition occurs or is noticed during an exercise, the student or instructor observing the unsafe condition will call “**STOP ACTION!**”
- One student or instructor will be designated as the safety officer during each exposure, live fire and practical exercise/scenario\*
- All activity will stop when any student or instructor calls “**STOP ACTION!**”

# Safety Rules

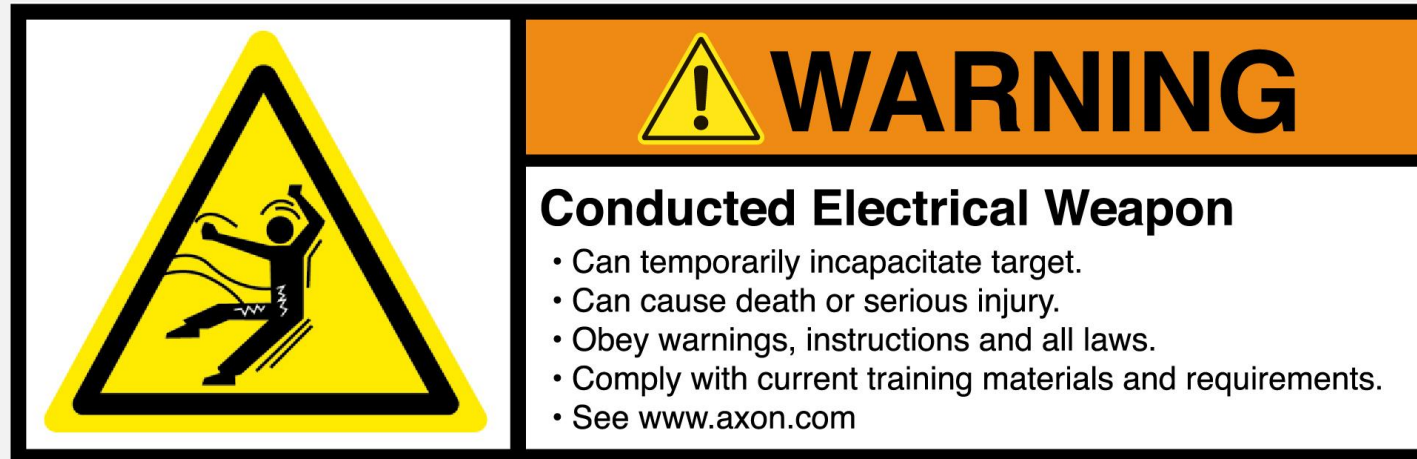
- The safety switch on all TASER CEWs will remain in the down (SAFE) position unless the instructor directs students to arm the CEW or when it is appropriate to do so during a training drill
- TASER CEWs must not be pointed at any person or body part unless the instructor directs students to do so as part of a training exercise or scenario



# Safety Rules

- A TASER CEW loaded with a live cartridge must not be pointed at another person or body part except during voluntary exposures
- An LS (blue) training cartridge must be used for simulation exercises when the subject being targeted is wearing a protective simulation suit
- LASERs must not be pointed at eyes
- Probes must be removed according to proper protocol

# TASER CEWs Are Not Risk Free



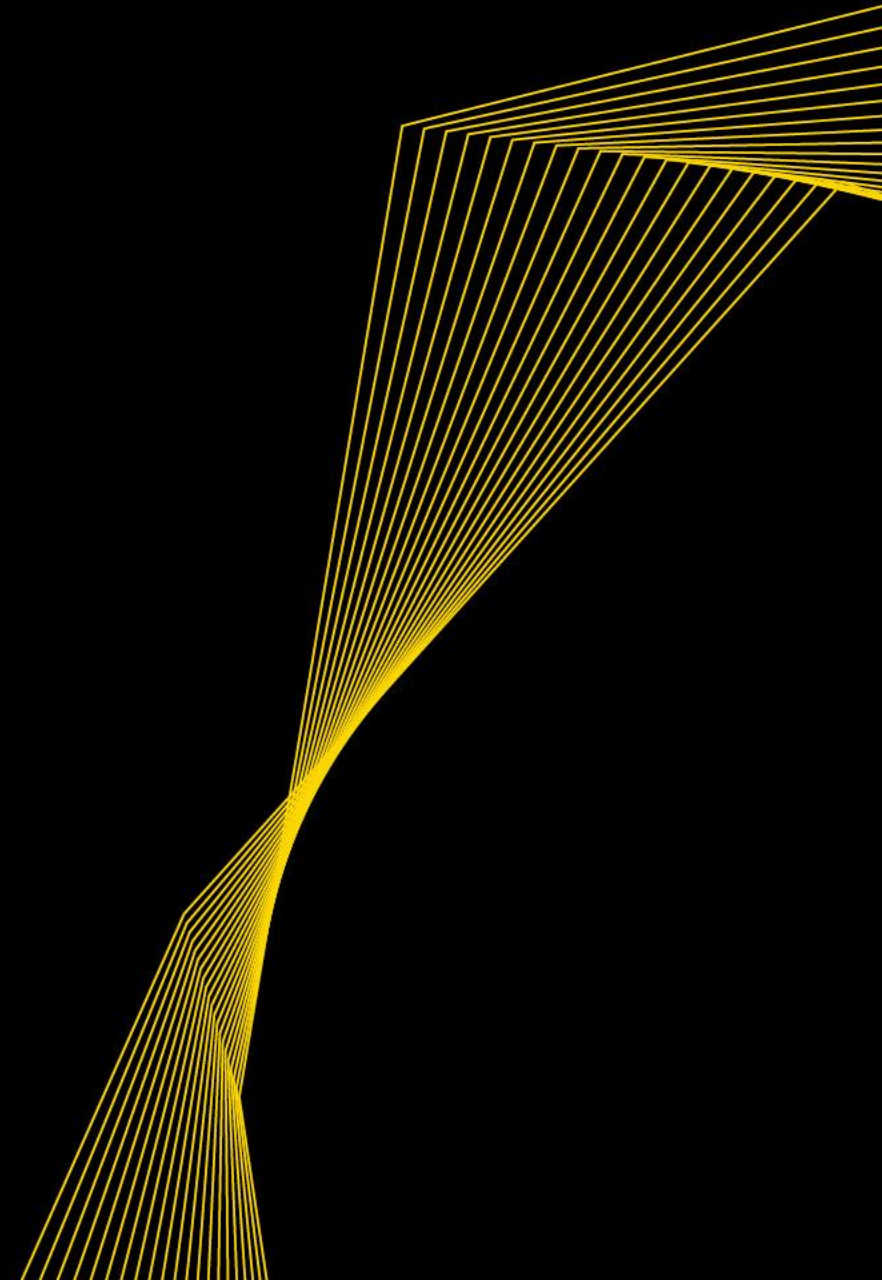
***Review and understand TASER current product warnings***

# Share Materials & Research

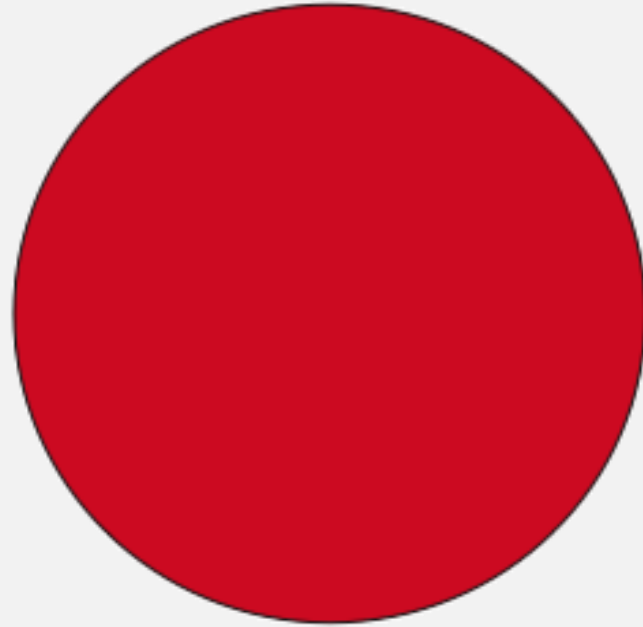
- Distribute TASER's product manual, training materials and warnings to all CEW users
- Carefully review the additional materials provided on the training DVD/FTP download
- Encourage all CEW users to read and study materials
- Conduct independent research, analysis and evaluation of CEWs



# Brief Overview of CEW Technology



# TASER: Low Average Current



**100 V Wall  
Outlet  
16.0 A**



**Christmas  
Tree Bulb  
1.0 A**

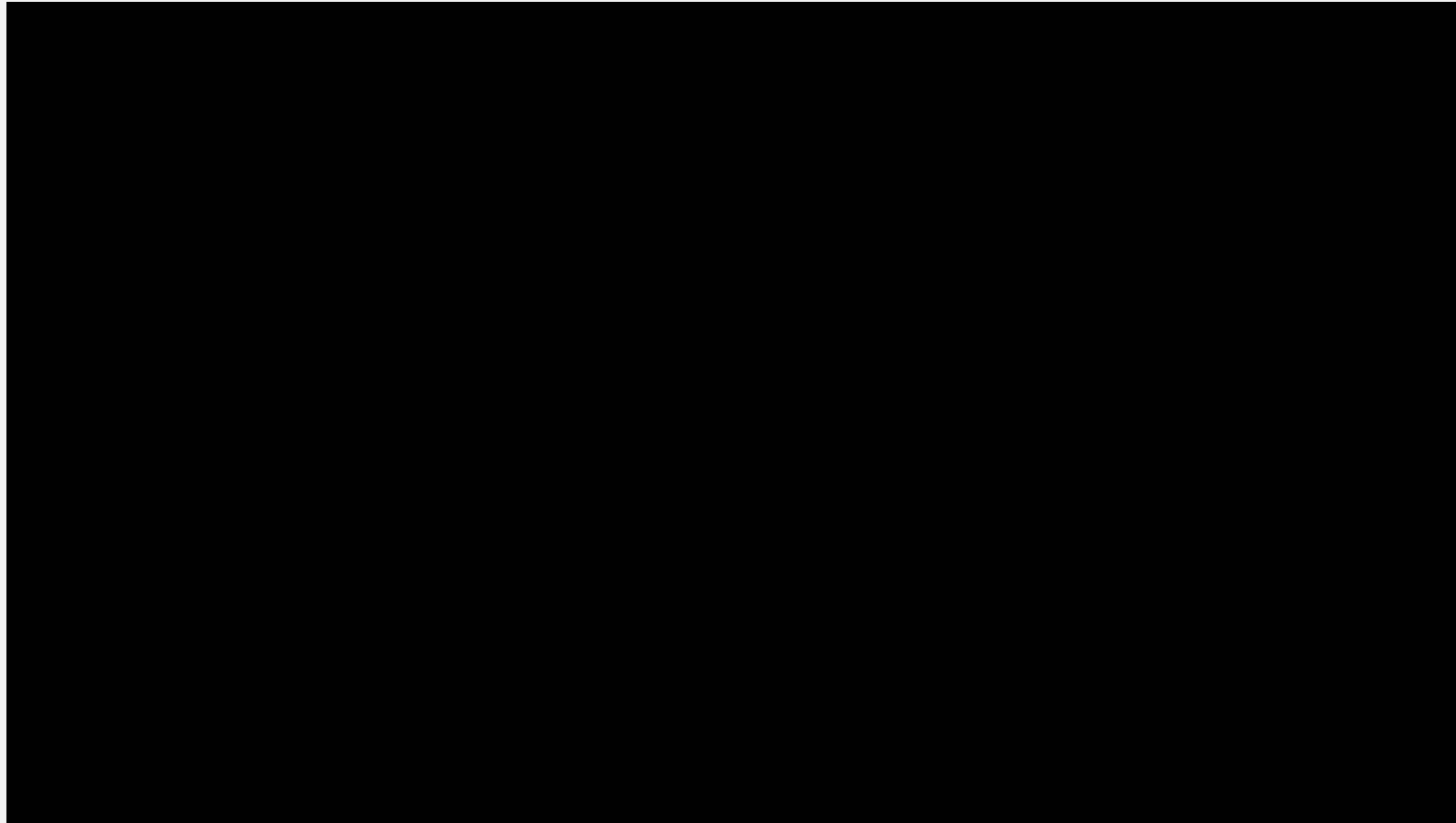


**TASER Output  
X26P & X2 CEWs  
0.0012 A  
X26 CEW  
0.0021 A**



**HIGH VOLTAGE –  
Greater than 1,000,000 volts**

# Arcing Probes

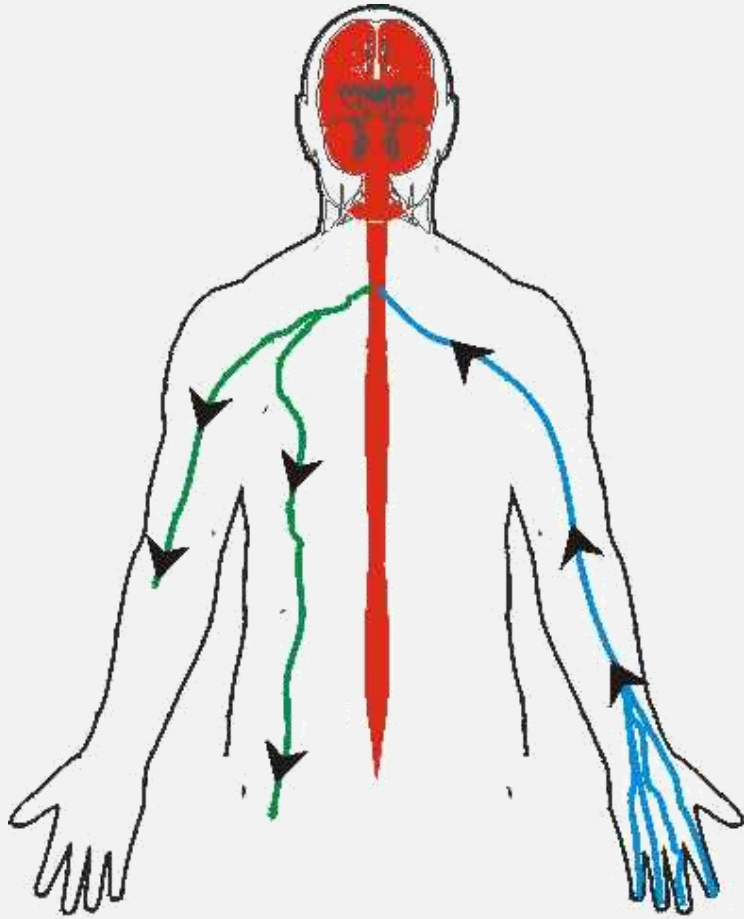


# Neuro-Muscular Incapacitation

- There are different levels of Neuro-Muscular Incapacitation (NMI) ranging from limited area effects to significant body lockup
- The greater the probe spread, the higher likelihood of NMI
- CEWs may not achieve total NMI
- Subject may maintain muscle control, particularly in arms and legs, depending on many factors including probe locations
- Be prepared with other force options, including a drive-stun follow up to expand NMI in close probe spread situations
- Drive stuns alone cause only localized pain, not NMI



# Nervous System Stun vs. NMI



## Central Nervous System

Command center – brain & spinal cord.

## Motor Nervous System

Carries commands from the brain to muscles (NMI systems affect BOTH the sensory and motor nerves)

## Sensory Nervous System

Brings information into the brain (effected by stun systems)



# Voluntary Exposures



# Voluntary Exposure

- TASER Training does **NOT** require a CEW exposure for instructor or user certification
- Voluntary CEW exposure is each agency's sole and exclusive decision
- Voluntary CEW exposures must only be conducted by a currently certified TASER Instructor adhering to TASER training
- Group CEW exposures are prohibited

# Voluntary Exposure

- CEW probe exposures involve strong muscle contractions and physical exertion similar to strenuous athletic activities. Risks of injury from stress, physical exertion, falling, etc. while low, are not zero (see full warnings)
- Notify instructor verbally and in writing on RELEASE form of any pre-existing injuries, medical conditions, or individual susceptibilities
- All volunteers must review the current TASER warnings and complete the RELEASE prior to any exposure

# Voluntary Exposure Release Form Retention

Effective August 1, 2016, completed and signed Release forms are no longer required to be sent to TASER Training. Rather, each law enforcement agency or employer of the volunteer receiving the CEW exposure is tasked with retaining the original release as part of its training records for the duration of the student's employment with the agency.

# Voluntary Exposure

Benefits	Risks
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Instructor credibility as a leader and subject matter expert</li><li>▪ Officers can better understand the effects of the CEW<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– For deployment</li><li>– Confidence to go “hands-on” without receiving shock</li><li>– Self-defense</li><li>– Court expertise</li><li>– Secondary exposures</li></ul></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Stress, anxiety, panic</li><li>▪ Exertion and effects</li><li>▪ Strong muscle contractions and effects</li><li>▪ Discomfort or painful experience</li><li>▪ Significant injuries have occurred</li></ul> <p><b>(SEE FULL WARNINGS)</b></p>

# Voluntary Exposure Guidelines

- Eye protection is required for the spotters, volunteer, and anyone within the training area if probes are fired in lieu of attaching spent wires or alligator clips
- Probes should be deployed from behind the volunteer (avoids face, throat, genitals, breasts, chest or area of the heart)
- Properly supported by two spotters to prevent falls, or placed face down on the mat prior to exposure
- Realistic field probe placements only

# Voluntary Exposure Guidelines

Each spotter should hold an upper arm of the standing volunteer under the armpit, so that:

- The shoulder, arm, elbow, and wrist are stabilized close to the body to prevent stress/tension on the joints
- The volunteer can be safely supported and lowered to the ground after being hit without twisting, rotating, or putting undue stress on the arm or shoulder; or flailing/jerking forward after discharge



# Voluntary Exposure Requirements

- Proper matting
- Clear area of bystanders and objects
- Make area safe
- Careful probe removal using proper protocols

**Subjects with pre-existing injuries, medical conditions, or individual susceptibilities should avoid CEW exposure or areas of concern**

**WARNING: FAILURE TO FOLLOW SAFETY PROCEDURES INCREASES THE RISK OF INJURY**

# Voluntary Exposure Training Guidelines

- Utilize probe hits to allow students to remove probes
- Target different parts of the body to show different effects
- Demonstrate one probe hit with 3-point drive-stun follow up
- Demonstrate difference between probe hits and drive stun

# Voluntary Exposure WARM-UP

Prior to receiving a CEW exposure, volunteers **SHALL** stretch and warm-up as before exercising or athletics.

- Back
- Shoulders
- Arms
- Legs
- Torso

# X2 Double Cartridge Exposure



# X26P Back Exposure



# X26P Single Probe Hit – Drive-Stun Follow Up



# Probe Removal and Evidence Considerations



# Smart Probe Evidence Considerations





**Continue with the presentation by clicking on the TASER CEW that you are certifying on.**

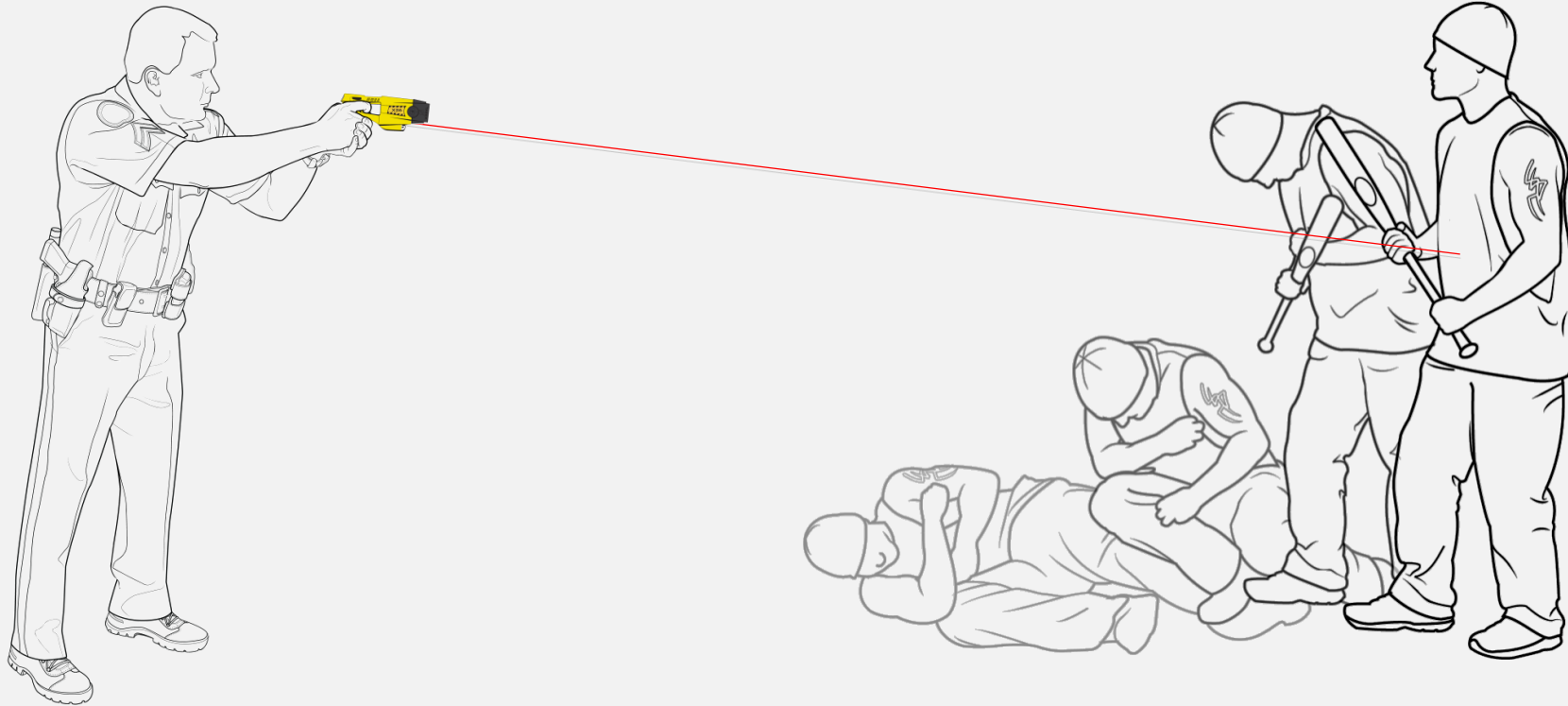


**Do not proceed without selecting a CEW.**



TASER X26

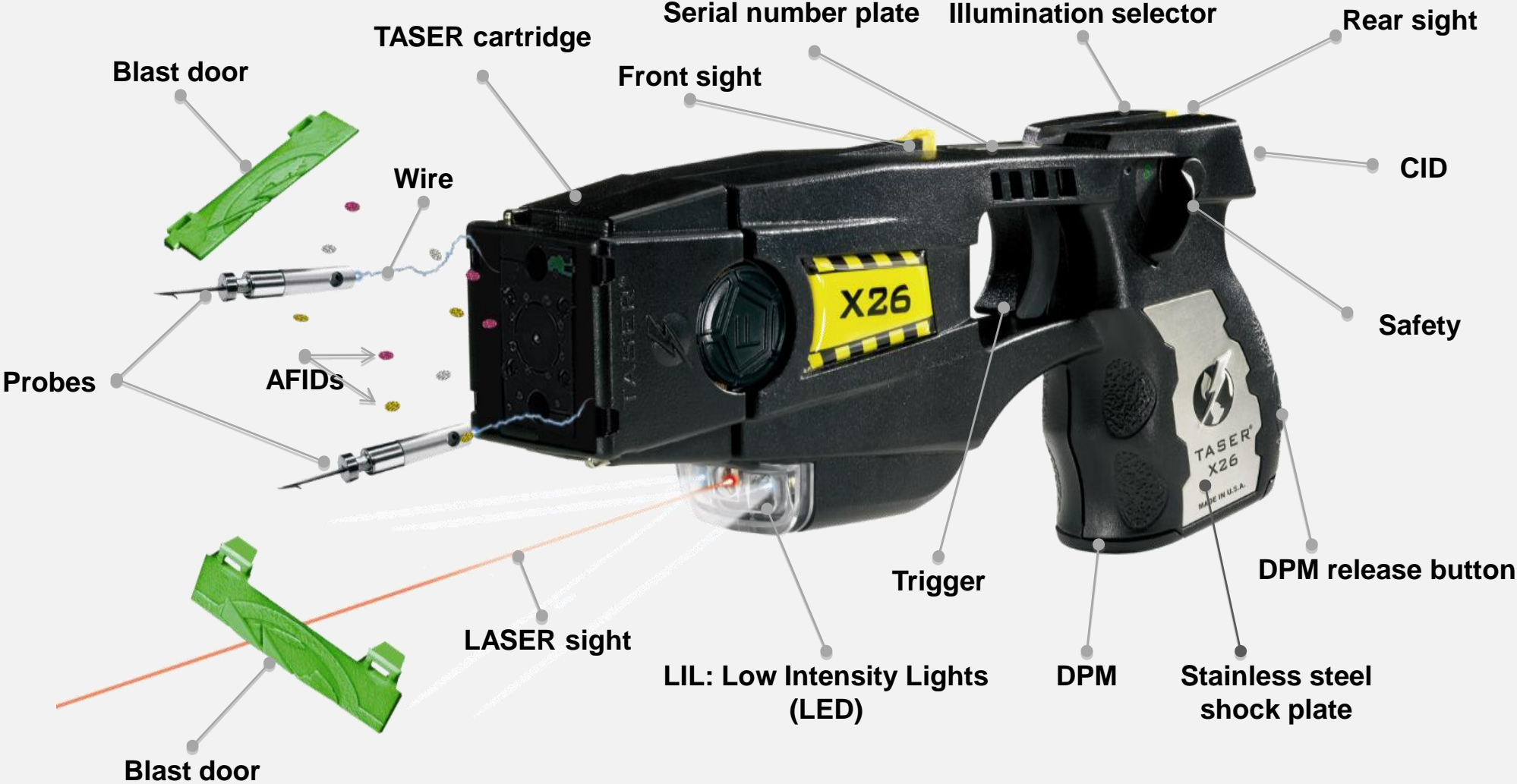
A decorative graphic on the right side of the page, consisting of numerous thin yellow lines that converge and then fan out, creating a sense of motion or energy.



Conducted Electrical Weapons (CEWs) are designed to use propelled wires or direct contact to conduct electrical charge to primarily affect motor functions and/or the sensory nervous system.

The X26 is a software upgradable CEW manufactured by Axon Enterprise, Inc.

# TASER X26



# X26 TRIGGER OPERATION

- A single trigger pull and release discharges an electrical charge for a 5-second cycle
- Shift the Safety Switch down (SAFE) to stop a discharge (e.g., if accidentally discharged)
- Holding the trigger continuously beyond the 5-second cycle will continue the electrical discharge until the trigger is released. (The discharge will cease once the trigger is released after the initial 5-second cycle.)

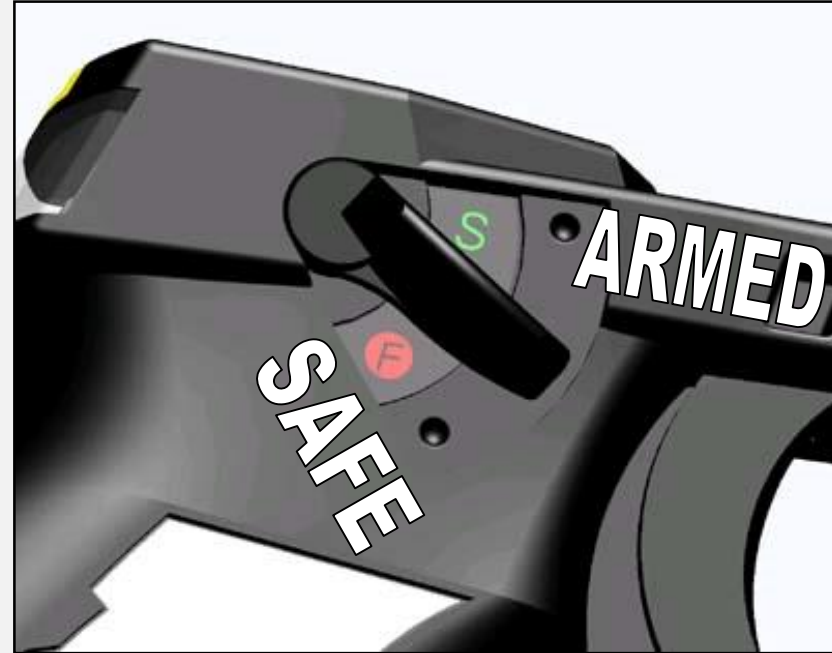
# Know Your CEW Trigger Operation

## Continuous Discharge

- Remember, if you hold the trigger back, the X26 will continue to discharge after the 5-second cycle until you release the trigger, as long as the battery charge is sufficient to support discharge
- Holding the trigger back may result in repeated or continuous CEW discharges and allegations of excessive force or elevated or cumulative subject injury

# Ambidextrous Safety

- Safety Switch Down
  - (SAFE)
- Safety Switch Up
  - (ARMED)
  - Activates CID and selected illumination



# Ambidextrous Safety

- The ambidextrous safety switches do not operate independently of each other
- Do not block the safety switch on one side of the X26 while attempting to move it on the other side.
  - This can break the safety switch and disable the CEW



# CID Displays when DPM/XDPM is Installed



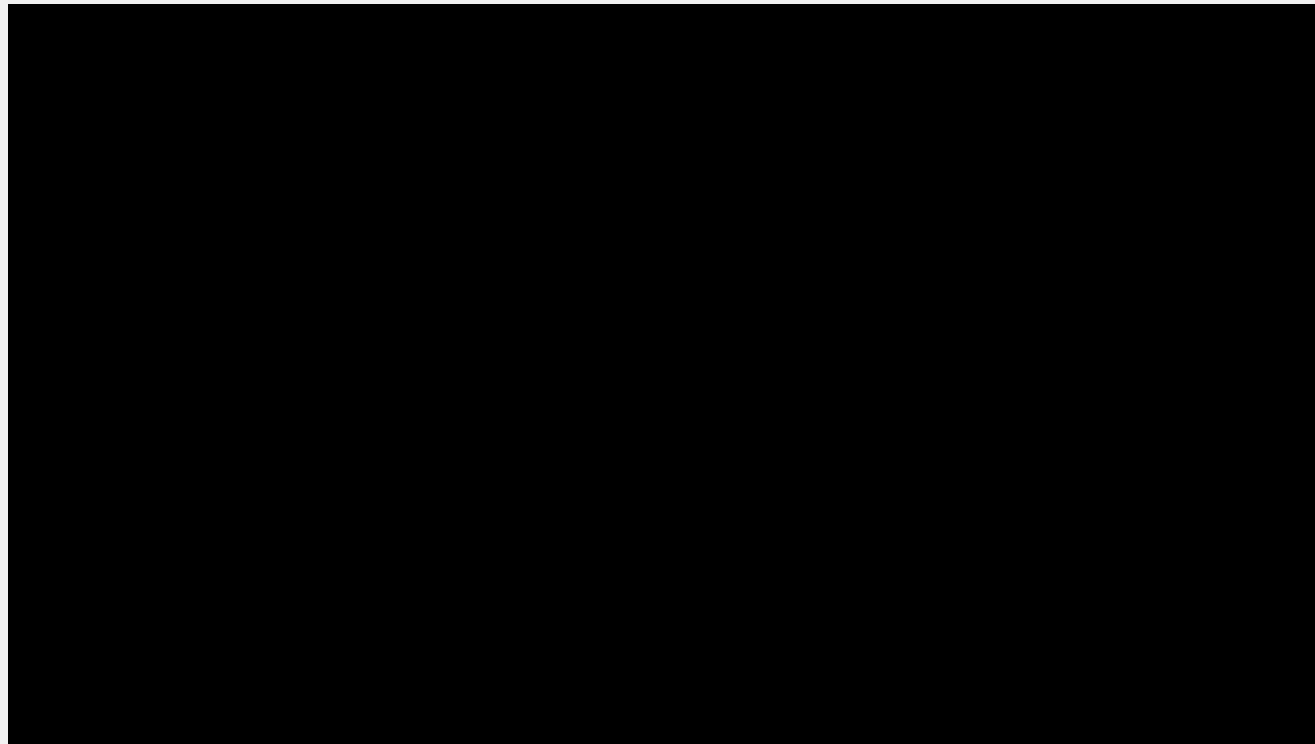
Ensure the safety switch is in the down (SAFE) position & unload cartridge

- 06..10..04--00..01..27..01..14--26—20
- (First 3 numbers) Warranty expiration yr-mo-day (As of May 11, 2009 warranty expiration does not show on CID and will display as three sets of “00”
- -- (separator)
- (Next 5 numbers) Yr-Mo-Day-24hr-Mn (GMT)
- -- (separator)
- (9<sup>th</sup> number) Temp in Celsius
- -- (separator)
- (last number) Software revision
- Unit will display battery percentage for approximately five seconds when in fire mode, then will display two illuminated dots.



# CID Countdown

- Counts down the cycle
- 05,04,03,02,IIII,00 (with software version 20 or higher)



# Illumination Button



Ensure the safety switch is in the down (SAFE) position & unload cartridge

With the safety switch in the down (SAFE) position, use finger to hold the illumination button down for approximately two seconds to bring up display **(Do not use objects like pens, paper clips or knives as this can result in switch breakage or the switch could get stuck)**

- LO- Laser Only Mode
- OF- Flashlight Only Mode
- LF-Laser/Flashlight Mode
- OO- Stealth Mode (no light/no laser and CID is dim)

# Batteries: DPM/XDPM

- 2 x 3 volt lithium energy cells
- Provides up to 195 5-second cycles at room temperature
- Digital memory (% life remaining)



# DPM Digital Memory

- Digital memory stored in DPM contains calculated percentage value of remaining battery life
- X26 interprets and displays this value on the CID



# DPM Replacement / Upgrading

- Replace DPM when % remaining is  $< 20\%$
- Use for training until 1% remaining
- Dispose at 1%
  - Caution: Continued use at 1% or lower could cause damage to the X26



# DPM Cautions

- X26 must be stored with DPM/XDPM inserted at all times
  - Failure to do so may result in loss of time and date settings, software corruption, and/or X26 failure
  - This also applies to sending in an X26 to Axon for repairs or replacement
- If DPM/XDPM is left out for an extended period of time...
  - Software configurations in the X26 may be corrupted and date/time will be reset
    - Refer to online troubleshooting guide

# Firmware Updates

- Firmware is ONLY programmed into DPMs
- All X26 CEWs should be programmed with the most current firmware
- An X26 cannot accept firmware updates via Evidence Sync



# DPM Upgrading

- When a DPM/XDPM is replaced with a DPM/XDPM that contains a newer software version, a programming upgrade will occur
- A “P” is displayed in the CID during the upgrade process



- Do not remove the DPM/XDPM or move the safety switch into the up (armed) position during the programming mode

# DPM Upgrading

- After programming has completed, the X26 will start boot up sequence



- **Caution:** Removal of DPM/XDPM during "P" state in the initial boot-up WILL corrupt the X26 software
  - CID will display a code of "E", "H" or will be blank and the X26 must be returned to the factory

# X26: Important Tips

- **System date & time is always GMT**
  - When you insert a DPM for system boot up, it will display GMT time and date
  - X26 download software will compensate based on computer time zone settings
- **System “sleeps” after being armed for 20 minutes**
  - Helps avoid accidental battery depletion
  - CID screen will go blank and will not fire.
  - Re-arm by flipping safety switch down and then flipping back up.
  - This includes an X26 with TASER CAM installed
    - The TASER CAM will stop recording when the X26 goes into “SLEEP” mode (20 minutes)
    - It will start recording when the X26 is reactivated
- **X26 MUST BE STORED WITH DPM INSTALLED!**

# Spark/Functionality Test

- A full 5-second Spark/Functionality test should be conducted once every 24 hours or prior to the start of your shift for individually issued X26
- Reasons for the Spark/Functionality test:
  - To check that the X26 is sparking at 19 pulses per second (pps)
  - To check the battery performance
  - There are components in the high voltage section of some older X26 CEWs that are more reliable when energized (“conditioned”) on a regular basis.
- Be aware of potential stress memory concerns of deactivating CEW in field use too quickly
- Follow agency protocol and Spark/Functionality Tests safety guidelines

# X26 Download Maintenance

- Axon Enterprise recommends conducting a quarterly download and maintenance of all CEWs
- These downloads will assist agencies in verifying that the most up to date firmware is installed and that the CEW is keeping accurate date/time and properly recording firing data

# CEW Radio Interference

- Interference from other electronic transmission devices in close proximity to the TASER CEW could interfere with the proper operation of the TASER CEW
- Place the TASER CEW several inches away from other electronic devices
- The safety switch on a TASER CEW should be placed in the down (SAFE) position whenever it is immediately adjacent to other electronic equipment

# Click on the Cartridge Icon to advance to the TASER Cartridge Presentation



Do not proceed without clicking on the cartridge icon unless you are teaching the TASER X26P as part of your certification course. If so, simply proceed to the next slide.

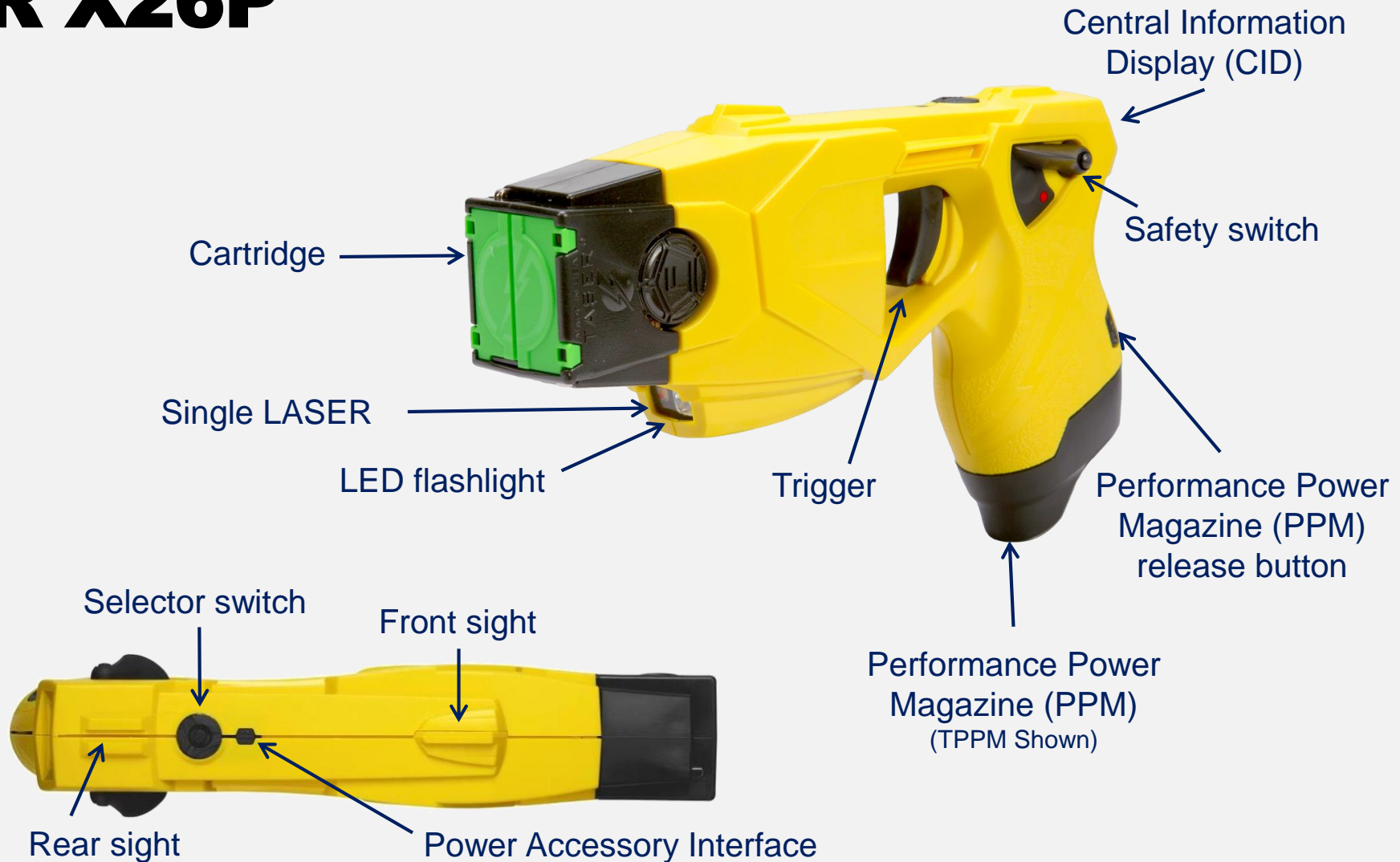


TASER X26P





# TASER X26P



# X26P: Safety Switch

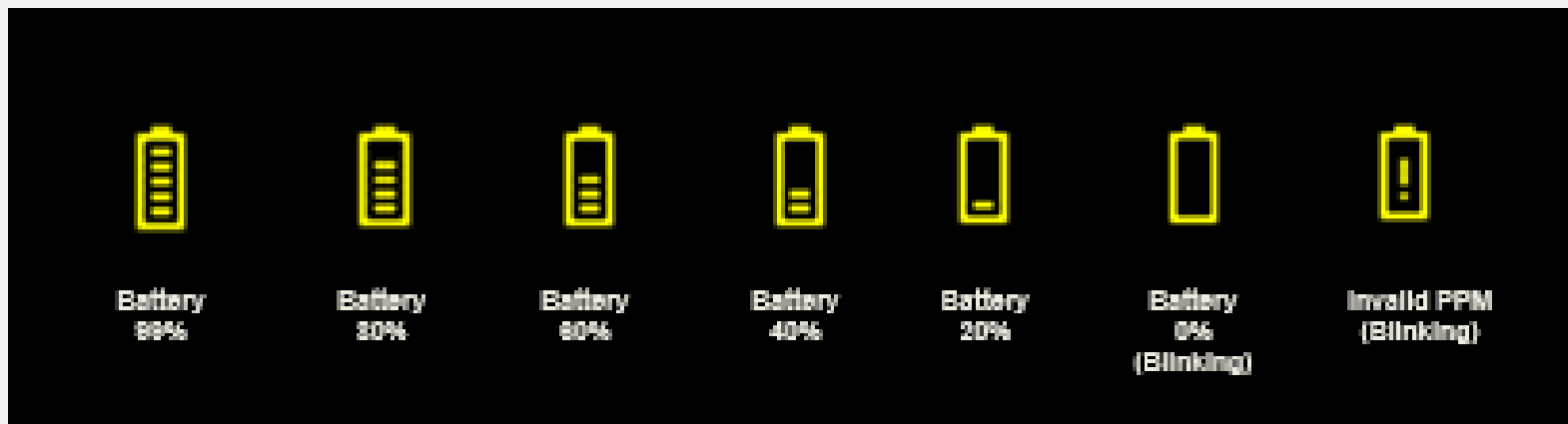
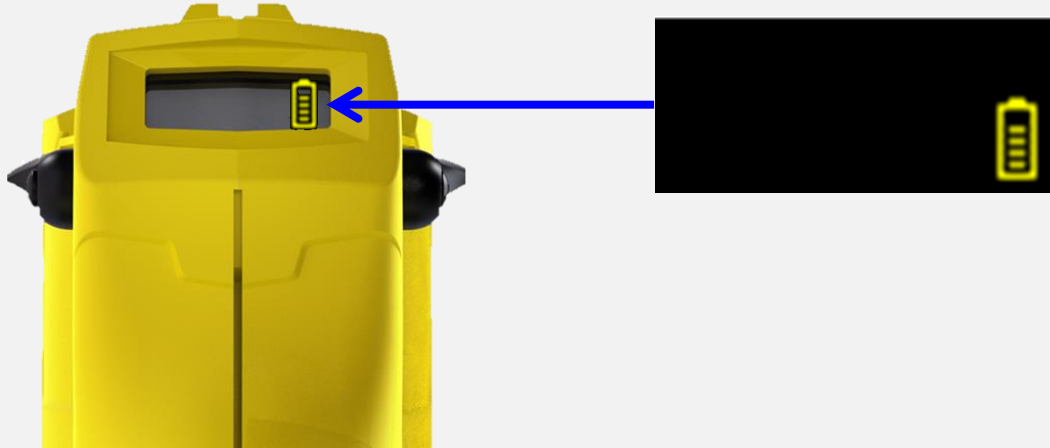
- Safety Switch Down
  - (SAFE)
- Safety Switch Up
  - (ARMED)
  - Activates CID, LASERS and illumination
  - Begins events in the Event log



# X26P Safety Switch

- The ambidextrous safety switches do not operate independently of each other
- Do not block the safety switch on the side of the X26P while attempting to move it on the other side
  - Blocking the safety switch can cause it to break and disable the X26P
- The safety switch does not need to move very far to arm the X26P
- It is highly recommended that the X26P be kept in a holster that engages the safety switch when not in use

# CID - Power Source Status Icons



# Trigger Operation

- Single trigger pull and release discharges an electrical charge for a 5-second cycle
- Shift the safety switch down (SAFE) to stop a discharge at any time (e.g., if accidentally discharged)
- Holding the trigger continuously beyond the 5-second cycle will continue the electrical discharge until the trigger is released unless an APPM or XAPPM is used. The discharge will stop once the trigger is released after the initial 5-second cycle

# Know Your CEW Trigger Operation

## Continuous Discharge

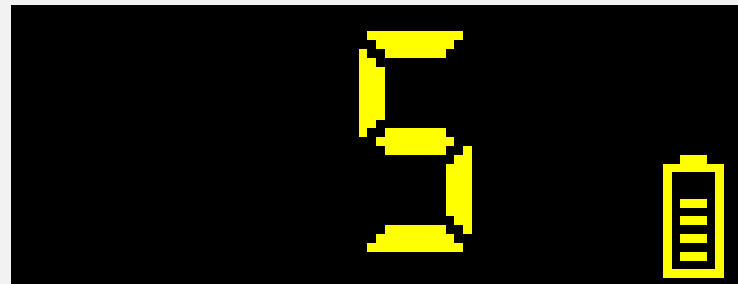
- Remember if you hold the trigger back the X26P will continue to discharge after the 5-second cycle until you release the trigger as long as there is sufficient battery charge (does not apply to X26P with APPM)
- Holding the trigger back may result in repeated or continuous CEW discharges, allegations of excessive force, and increased potential for subject injury

# Re-Energizing Cartridge

- Once a cartridge is fired, the operator can re-energize the cartridge by pulling the trigger
- Each trigger pull when the X26P is not cycling will initiate another 5-second cycle
  - Additional trigger pulls during the 5-second cycle will not extend the cycle unless the trigger is held back

# Display Count Up

- Display will count up for single trigger pull (e.g., 1,2,3,4,5)
- Will continue to count up (e.g., 6,7,8...) if the trigger is held past the 5-second cycle

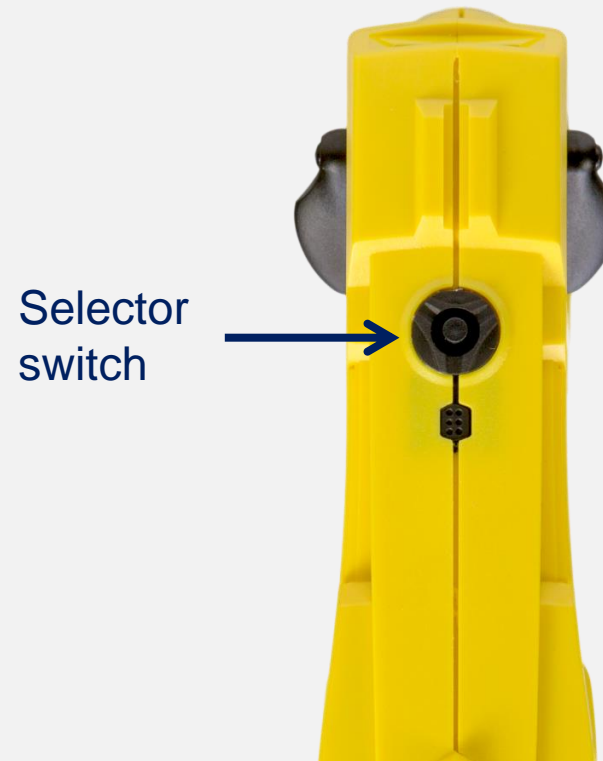




# Selector Switch

- Used to select the sighting options of the X26P and place the unit into stealth mode
- Use only your finger to depress the selector switch

**Do not use objects like pens, paper clips or knives as this can cause the switch to break or stick**



# LASER and Light Settings

- OO - Stealth, no LASER, no flashlight, CID dims
- LO - LASER only
- OF - Only flashlight
- LF - LASER and flashlight



# Performance Power Magazine (PPM)



XPPM



TPPM



PPM

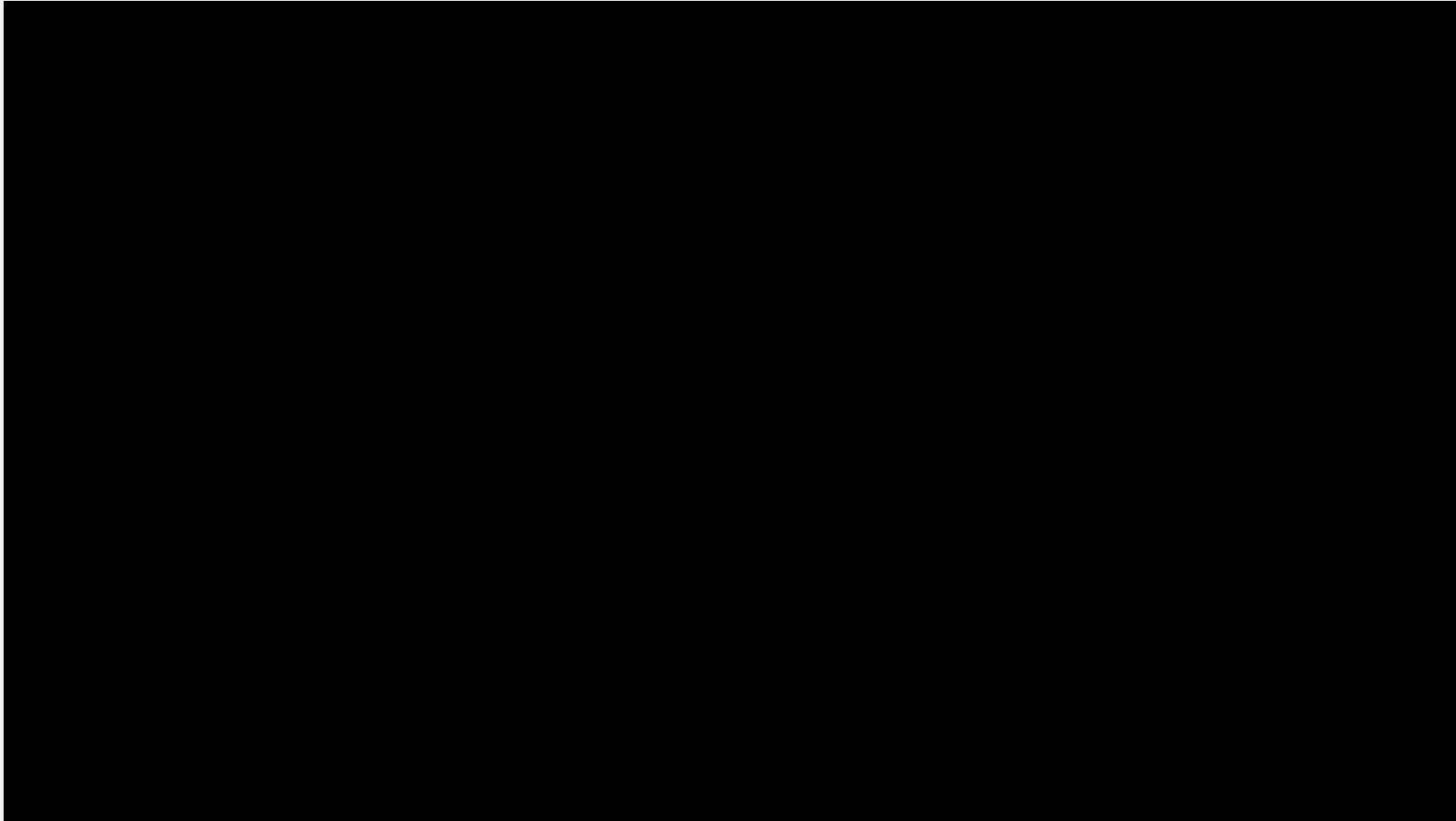


APPM



TASER CAM HD

# **Axon Signal SPPM Demonstration**



# PPM Replacement

1. Press the PPM release button
2. Pull down on PPM
3. Depress and hold the PPM release button
4. Insert the new PPM until it is fully seated and release the PPM release button



# Spark/Functionality Test

- **A full 5-second Spark/Functionality test** should be conducted once every 24 hours or prior to the start of your shift for individually issued X26P to:
  - Check that the X26P is sparking
  - Check the battery performance
  - Check CID to ensure there are no fault icons
- Be aware of potential stress memory concerns of deactivating CEW in field use too quickly
- Follow agency protocol and Spark/Functionality Tests safety guidelines



# TASER Cartridge



# Cartridges

- TASER cartridges are used in the M26, X26, and X26P CEWs
  - Available in 15, 21, and 25 foot



- TASER cartridges are deployed by a CEW electrical discharge
  - Discharging CEW, static electricity, or other electrical source can cause inadvertent cartridge deployment.
    - Keep hands away from the front of cartridges
    - Do not inadvertently point cartridges at yourself or anyone else



# Cartridge Safety



# Cartridges



15 ft.  
(4.6 meters)  
Yellow blast doors  
Live cartridge  
Regular probe



21 ft.  
(6.4 meters)  
Silver blast doors  
Live cartridge  
Regular probe

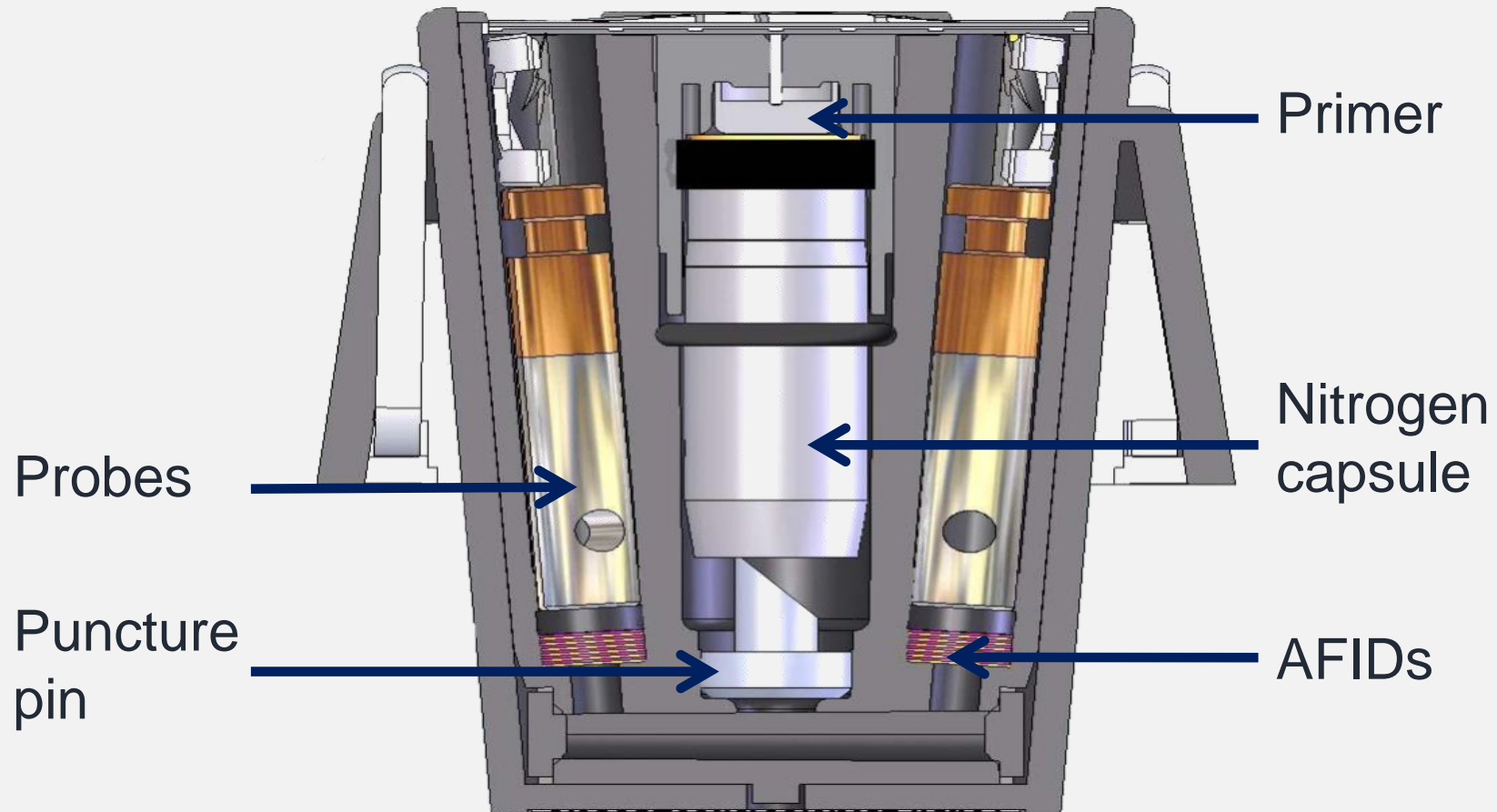


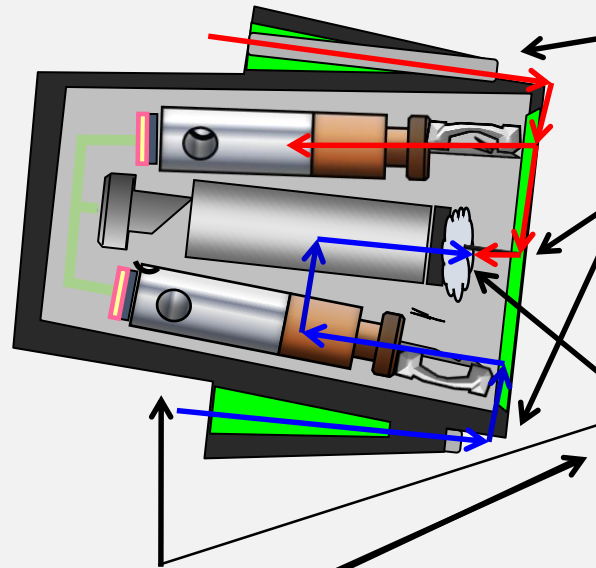
XP 25 ft.  
(7.6 meters)  
Green blast doors  
Live cartridge  
XP probe



LS 21 ft.  
(6.4 meters)  
Blue cartridge/blue  
blast doors  
Short probe

# TASER Cartridge





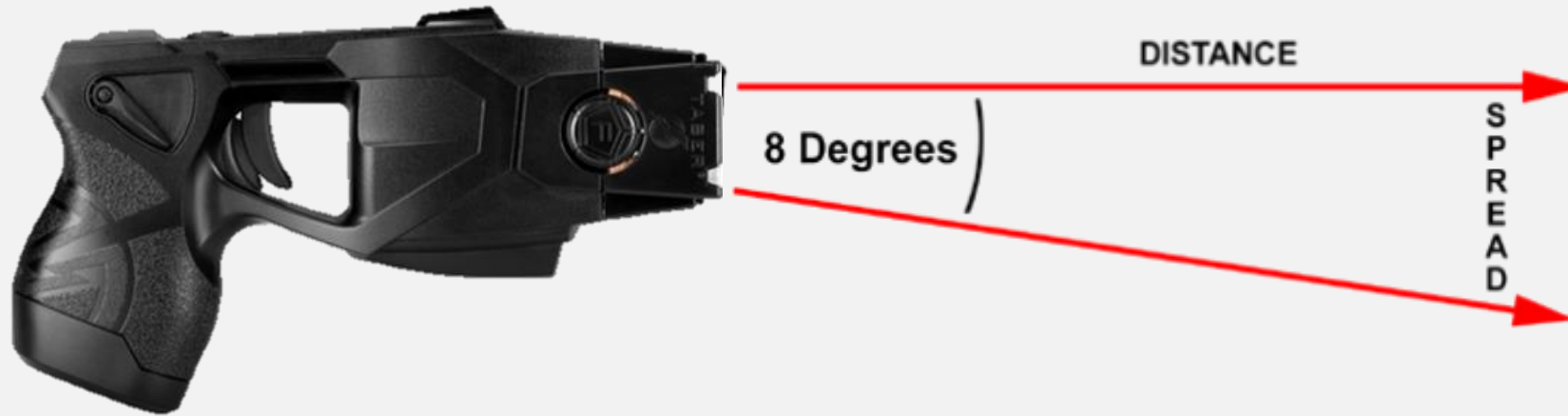
Electricity is conducted down the metal contacts and energizes ignition pin.

The electricity fires a small primer that forces the nitrogen capsule rearward into a hollow puncture pin that releases the compressed nitrogen into the probe chambers, which forces the probes out of the bores.

The blast doors, probes, probe wires, foam poron pads, ejectors and AFIDs are then propelled forward.

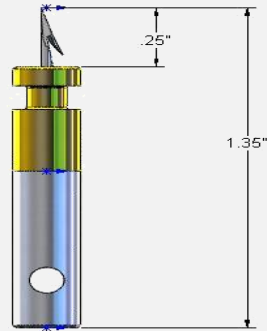
# TASER Cartridge Probe Spread For 15, 21 & 25 Foot Cartridges

Rule of thumb: ~1 foot (.3 m) spread for every 7 feet (2.1 m) of travel

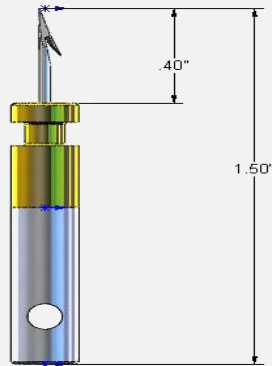


	(m)	.6m	1.5m	2.1m	3m	4.5m	6.4m	7.6m
Target Distance	(ft)	2'	5'	7'	10'	15'	21'	25'
Spread	(in)	4"	9"	13"	18"	26"	36"	38"
	(cm)	10cm	23cm	33cm	46cm	66cm	91cm	99cm

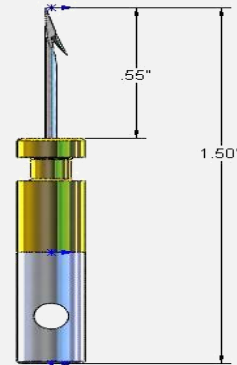
# TASER Cartridge Probe Assembly



DART ASSEMBLY TRAINING.



DART ASSEMBLY REGULAR.

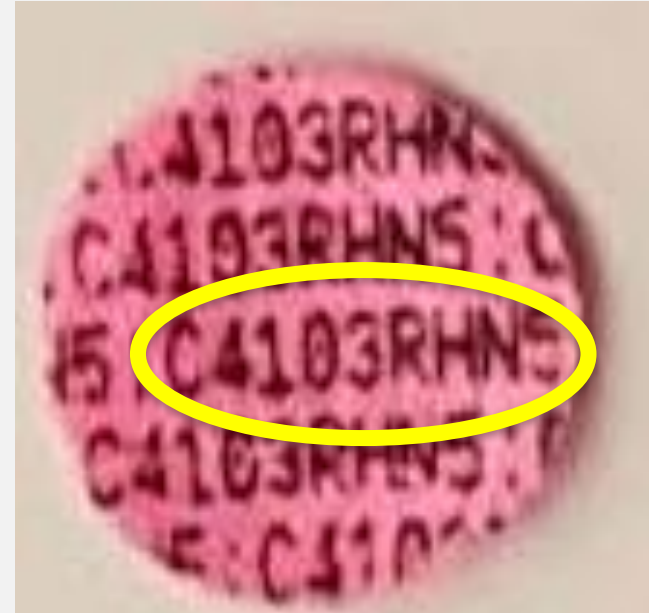


DART ASSEMBLY XP.

# Probe Wires

- Copper Clad Steel with insulated coating
- Can break easily if stepped on or pulled
- Inadvertent contact with wires or the probe during discharge can result in electrical shock
- TASER operator should advise officers to avoid wires during restraint
- Avoid crossing wires when multiple TASER CEWs are deployed

# AFIDs

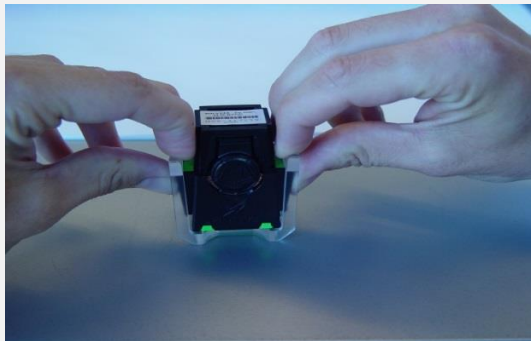


- Each cartridge contains 20-30 Anti-Felon Identification Tags (AFIDs) with the cartridge serial number printed on them



# TASER Cartridge Shipping Covers

- On cartridges for safe shipping
- Do not attempt to load a cartridge into a TASER CEW with the cover in place
- Covers should be removed from cartridges prior to being taken into the field



Pull out the sides of the cartridge shipping cover with index and middle fingers



Push up on cartridge with thumbs

# Loading TASER Cartridges

- Ensure the safety switch is in the down (SAFE) position
- Point the CEW in a safe direction
- Insert the TASER cartridge into the deployment bay until it is seated
  - Be cautious of inadvertent cartridge deployment



# TASER Cartridge Failure to Deploy



Always remember to stay on target until the safety switch is shifted to the down (SAFE) position if the cartridge does not immediately fire. And ALWAYS keep the TASER CEW pointed toward the target or in a safe direction.

# Click on the TASER Training logo to continue with the presentation



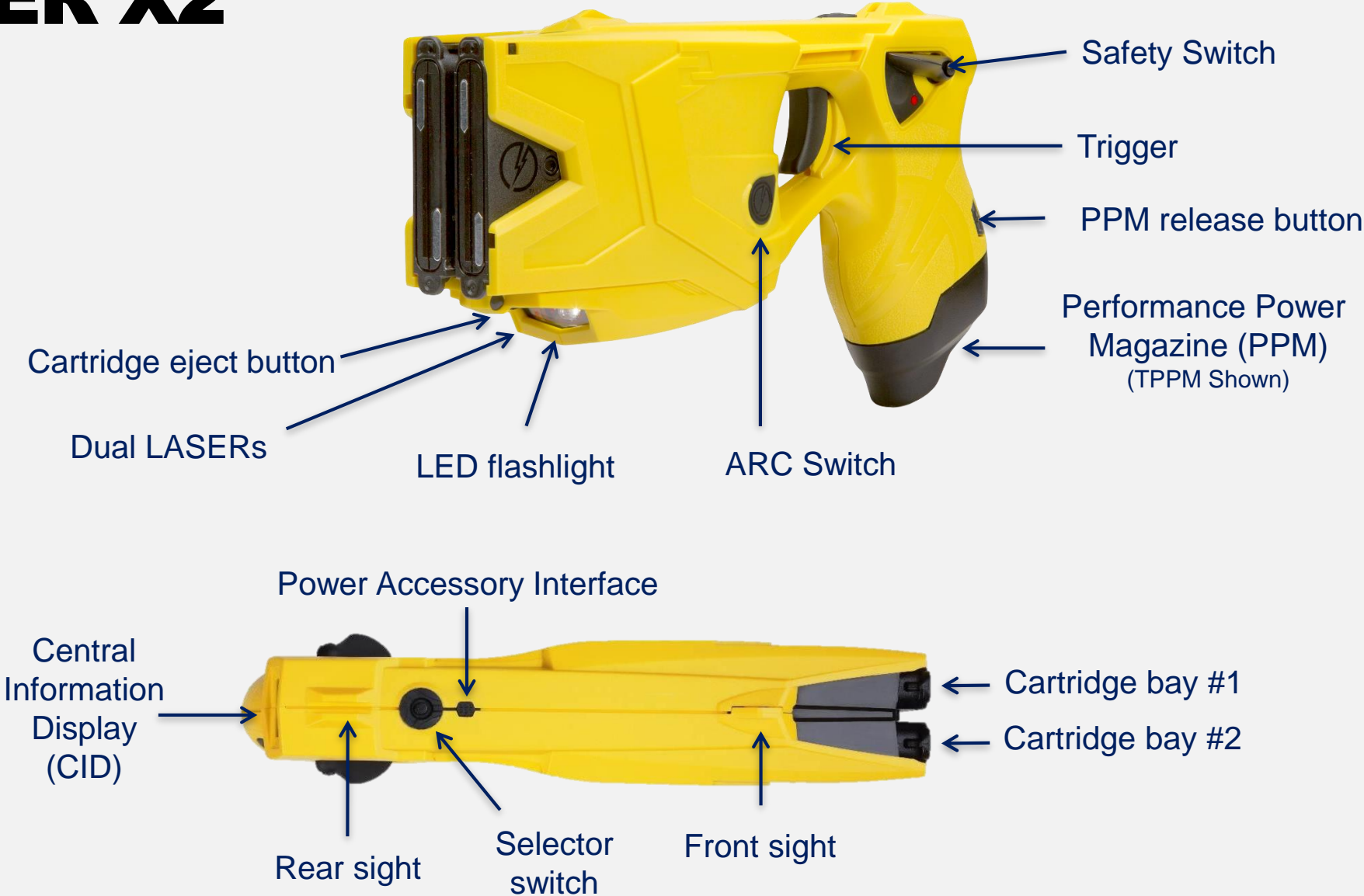
Do not proceed without clicking on the TASER Training logo unless you are teaching the TASER X2 as part of your certification course. If so, simply proceed to the next slide.



TASER X2



# TASER X2



# Dual LASERs

- The top LASER shows approximate point of impact of top dart. Bottom LASER shows approximate point of impact of bottom dart (15 & 25-foot cartridges only)
- When the X2 is loaded with a 15' or 25' cartridge, the bottom LASER will blink to differentiate between the top probe and bottom probe impact sites (e.g. horizontal or canted shots)

# X2 CEW: Safety Switch

- Safety Switch Down
  - (SAFE)
- Safety Switch Up
  - (ARMED)
  - Activates CID, LASER and illumination
  - Begins events in the Event log





# X2 Safety Switch

- The ambidextrous safety switches do not operate independently of each other
- Do not block the safety switch on the side of the X2 while attempting to move it on the other side.
  - Blocking the safety switch can cause it to break and disable the X2
- The safety switch does not need to move very far to arm the X2
- It is highly recommended that the X2 be kept in a holster that engages the safety switch when not in use

# X2 CEW Trigger Operation

- Single trigger pull and release discharges an electrical charge for a 5-second cycle
- Shift the safety switch down (SAFE) to stop a discharge (e.g., if accidentally discharged)
- Holding the trigger continuously beyond the 5-second cycle will continue the electrical discharge until the trigger is released (unless using an APPM)

# Warning Arc



A sustained press of the ARC switch will initiate a rotational warning arc across both bays without deploying the Smart cartridges

# Semi Automatic Trigger Operation

- Once a cartridge is deployed and the trigger is released, the X2 immediately selects the next live cartridge
- A second trigger pull will deploy the second live cartridge

# Semi Automatic Demonstration

## Video Learning Points

- X2 Operator intentionally misses with the bottom probe during a voluntary exposure
- Corrective action is simply to pull the trigger again and deploy the second cartridge from the X2 CEW

# Semi Automatic Demonstration



# Manual Mode Trigger Operation

- Agencies can reprogram their X2s to manual mode via Evidence.com
- In manual mode:
  - The X2 does not automatically advance to the next cartridge
  - If the X2 is not manually advanced to the next cartridge, a second trigger pull will re-energize the previously deployed cartridge
- To advance to the next cartridge quickly press the ARC switch for a quarter of a second and release
- A trigger pull will now deploy the second cartridge

# Know Your CEW Trigger Operation

## Continuous Discharge

- Remember if you hold the trigger back the X2 will continue to discharge after the 5-second cycle until you release the trigger as long as there is sufficient battery charge (does not apply to X2 with APPM)
- Holding the trigger back may result in repeated or continuous CEW discharges, allegations of excessive force, and increased potential for subject injury



# Independent Cycles

- Pulling the trigger only affects the selected cartridge
  - Firing a second cartridge does NOT re-energize the previously deployed cartridge
- Sustained press of ARC switch will energize both bays (cartridges) until ARC switch is released\*

# Re-Energizing Cartridges

- Once both cartridges are deployed, the operator can select between deployed cartridges by tapping the ARC Switch
- Pulling the trigger again will re-energize the selected cartridge for a 5-second cycle, or longer if the trigger is held down unless the X2 has an APPM
- A sustained press of the ARC Switch will re-energize both deployed cartridges

# CID - Selecting Cartridges

- With the safety switch in the up (ARMED) position, a quick quarter of a second tap of the ARC switch will toggle between the two Smart cartridges
- The CID will display the cartridge selector icon toggling between the cartridges



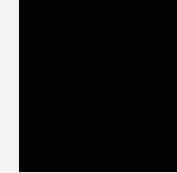
Cartridge selector icon

# CID Smart Cartridge Icons

Cartridge  
selected



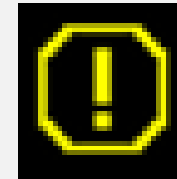
Cartridge bay  
empty



Cartridge  
deployed



Cartridge  
Sense Fault



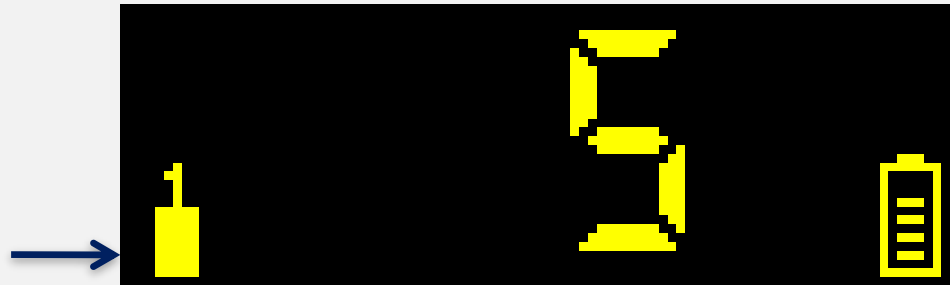
Live Simulator  
(LS) cartridge



# Display Counts Up

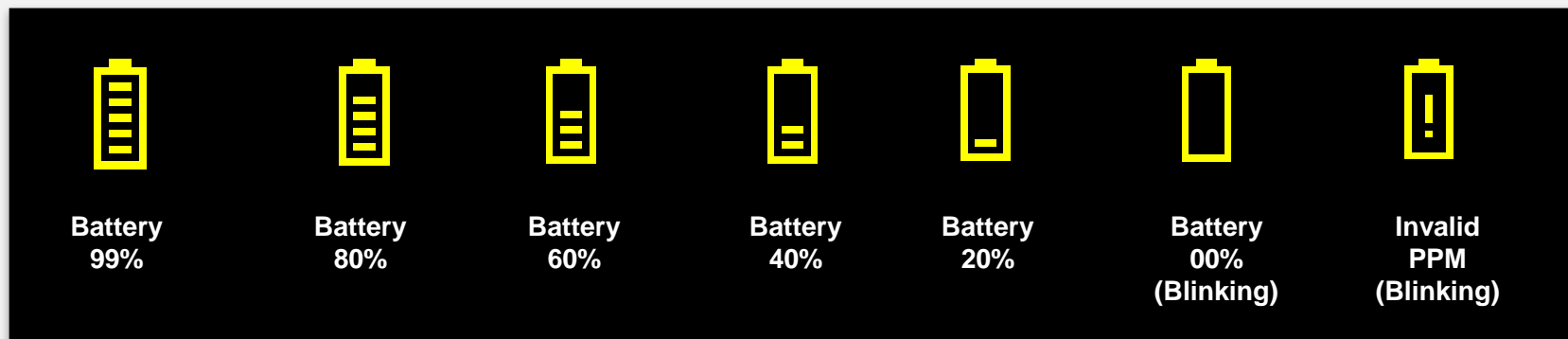
- Display counts up 1,2,3,4,5 (for single trigger pull)
- Will continue to count up (6,7,8...) if the trigger is held past the 5-second cycle

Icon showing a live cartridge still available while first cartridge is counting up during cycle



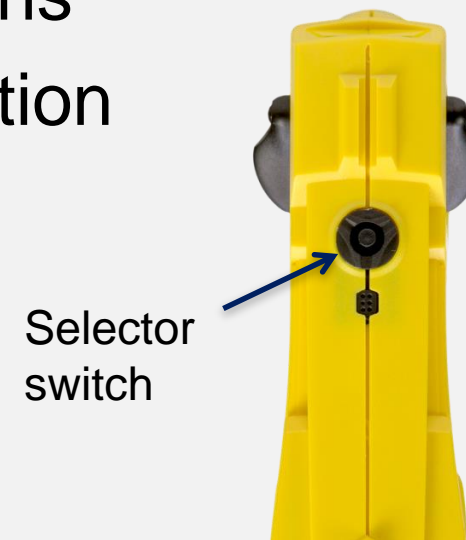
# CID - Power Source Status Icons

- Reads the battery consumption and displays the remaining battery life on the CID
- PPMs should be changed at  $\leq 20\%$
- TASER CAM HD should be charged at  $\leq 40\%$
- Bars in battery show 20% increments



# Selector Switch

- Used to access the features and options menu
- Access the options menu by pressing the selector switch
- Use only your finger to depress the selector switch
- Safety switch must be in the down (SAFE) position
- Right ARC switch scrolls through options
- Left ARC switch selects highlighted option



# Performance Power Magazine (PPM)



PPM



APPM



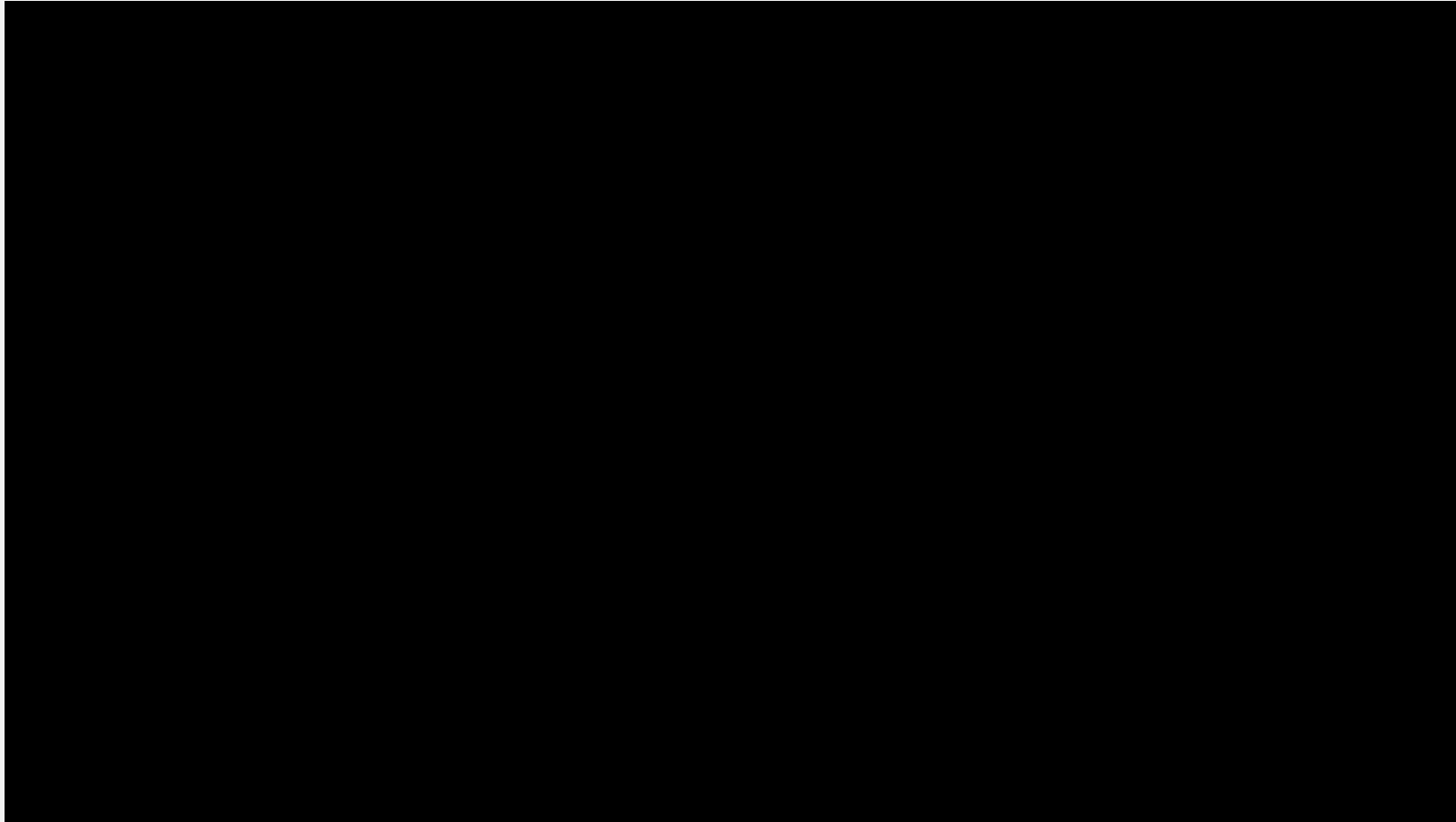
TPPM



TASER CAM HD



# **Axon Signal SPPM Demonstration**



# PPM Replacement

1. Press the PPM release button
2. Pull down on PPM
3. Depress and hold the PPM release button
4. Insert the new PPM until it is fully seated and release the PPM release button



# Rotational Pulse Drive™

The Rotational Pulse Drive quickly sequences discharges across both cartridge bays at a rate of approximately 19 pulses per second in each bay. It has the ability to incapacitate 2 individuals simultaneously but was primarily designed to give the operator an immediate back up shot in case of a miss or ineffective deployment.



# **Independent Fire Control System**

The high voltage discharge and the cartridge firing method are completely separate allowing the operator to display a warning arc without firing cartridges

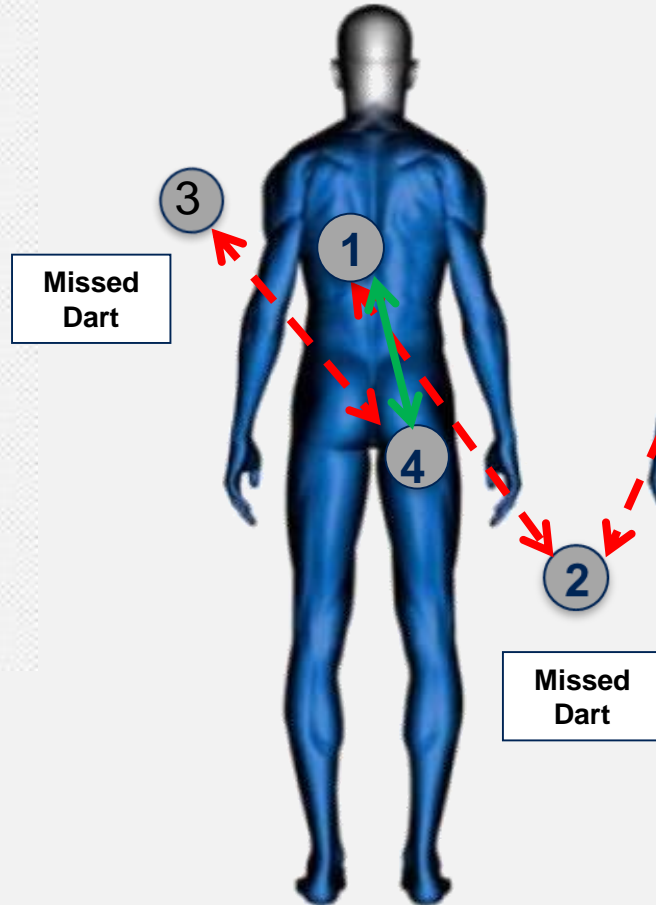
# Cross Connect

- The X2's two shot capability is intended to provide an immediate back-up shot if the first shot misses or is ineffective
- Cartridge bays operate independently and will not energize at the same time
- While the X2 can be used on two suspects at the same time, it is not recommended because it is very difficult to manage discontinuation of force if one subject becomes compliant

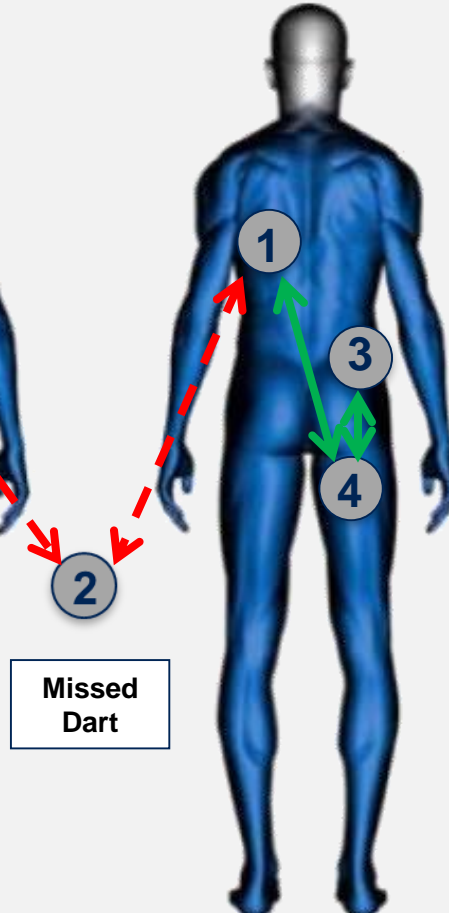
# Cross Connect



Any Combination  
of Top & Bottom Darts  
Completes Circuit

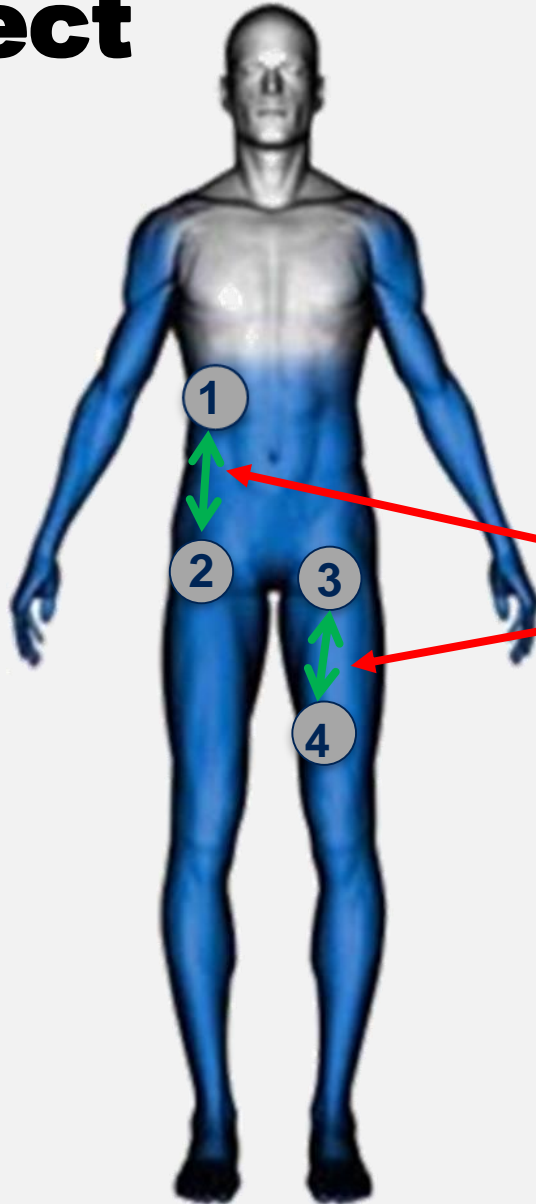


3 Dart Combination  
More Effective  
Spread



Cross connect technology  
was designed to account for  
a missed, incomplete or  
ineffective first shot

# Cross Connect



- Both bays can be deployed if an officer is unable to create enough distance for an effective probe spread
- 1-2 and 3-4 will have the best connection
- There may be some residual current between 2-3 or 1-4 but not likely to cause NMI.

# Spark/Functionality Test

- A full 5-second Spark/Functionality test should be conducted once every 24 hours or prior to the start of your shift for individually issued X2 to:
  - Check that the X2 is sparking
  - Check battery performance
  - Check CID to ensure there are no fault icons
- Be aware of potential stress memory concerns of deactivating CEW in field use too quickly





# TASER Smart Cartridge



# Smart Cartridge

- X2 CEW uses Smart cartridges which are different from TASER cartridges
- Contains small circuit board that communicates cartridge type (live vs. LS simulation), distance (15, 25) and status (loaded vs. deployed) to the X2 CEW
- Contains AFIDs similar to TASER cartridges

# Smart Cartridges



15 ft

4.5m

Solid yellow blast doors

Clear shipping cover

Live cartridge



25 ft

7.62 m

Solid black blast doors

Clear shipping cover

Live cartridge



25 ft

7.62 m

Solid blue blast doors

Clear shipping cover

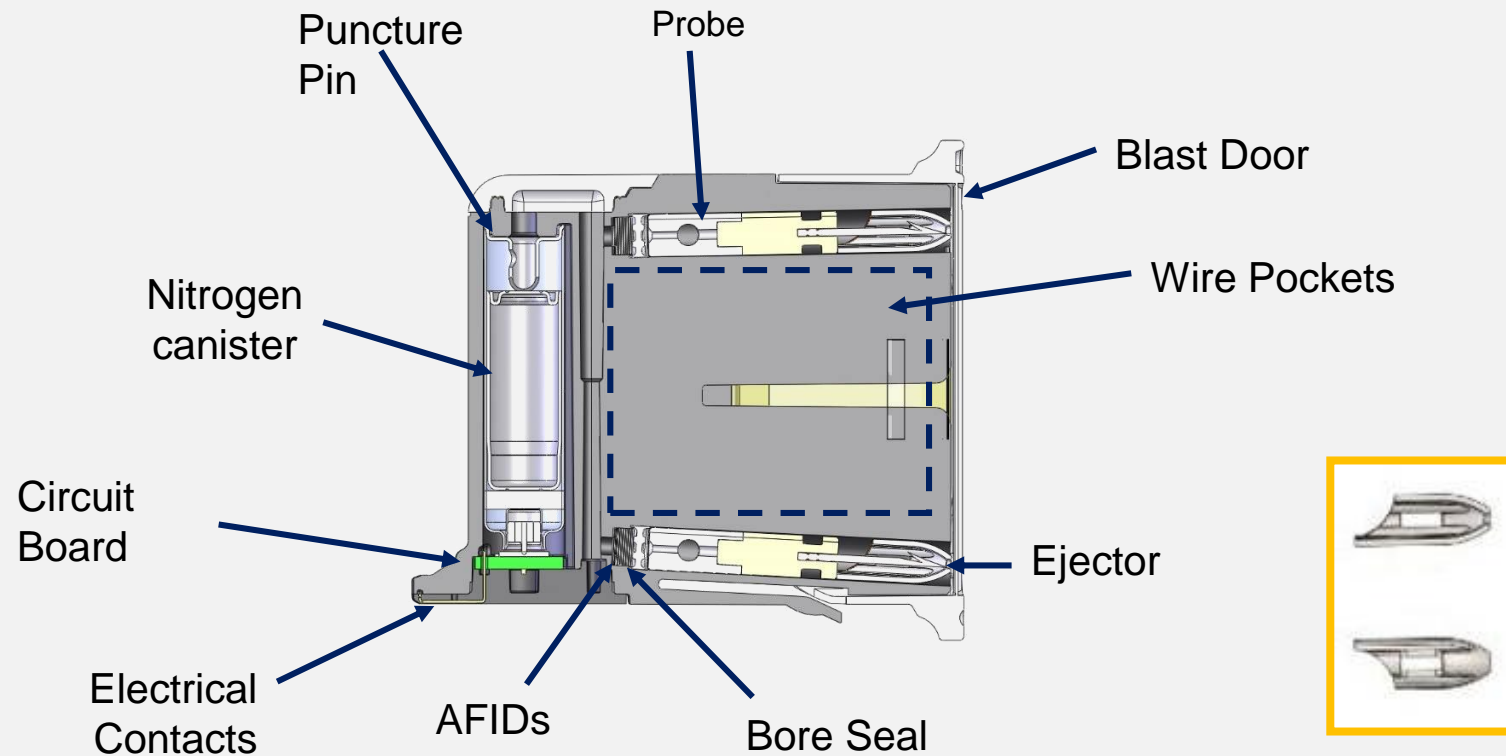
Live simulation (LS)

Non-conductive wire

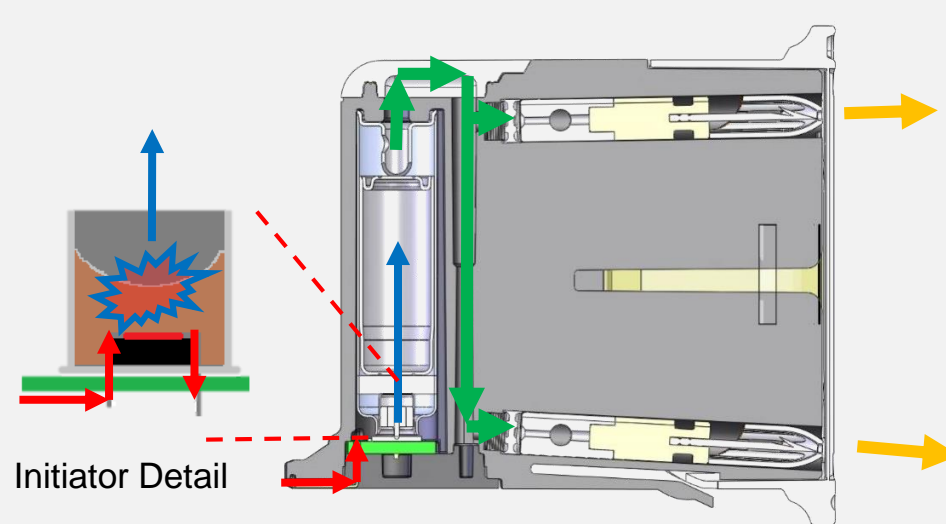


Serial Number &  
Expiration Date

# Smart Cartridge Cut Away



# Deployment Methodology



1

A low voltage high current signal is sent from the X2. This energy enters the initiator via the printed circuit assembly and heats up a bridge wire located in the initiator and immediately becomes hot causing the initiator material to ignite

4

The Blast doors are broken away from the front of the cartridge by the pressure of the ejectors; the darts, AFIDs, and seal are released and propelled toward the target

3

The escaping nitrogen gas expands down the gas channels creating pressure on the dart seals and darts

2

This ignition creates pressure to move the nitrogen canister towards the puncture pin causing the pin to puncture the nitrogen canister

# Probe Spread

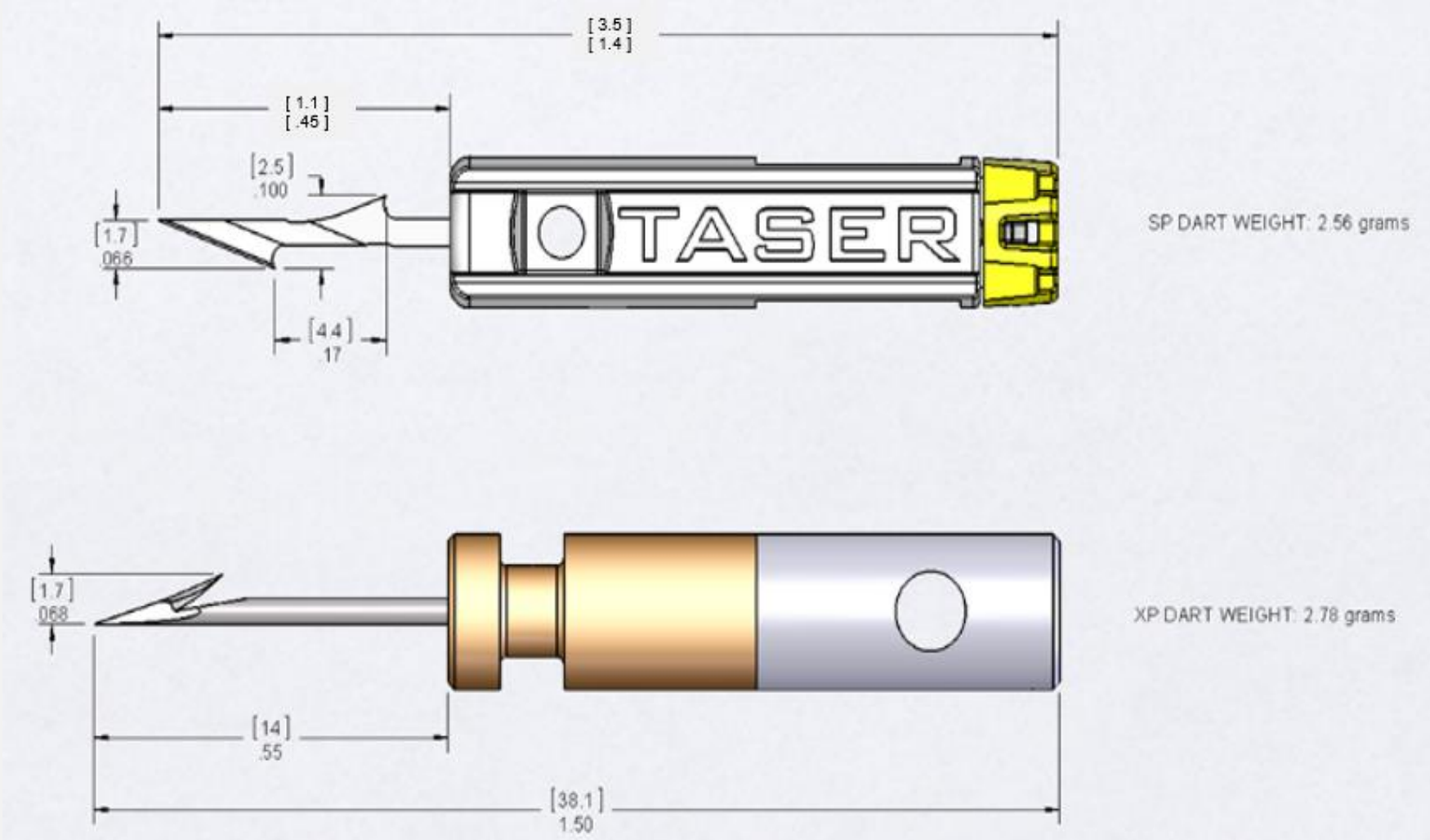
## 15 & 25 ft Smart Cartridges

- Rule of thumb: ~1 foot (.3 m) spread for every 9 feet (2.7 m) of travel

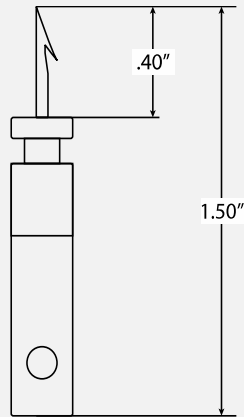


	(m)	2.7m	5.4m	7.6m
Target Distance	(ft)	9'	18'	25'
Spread	(in)	12"	25"	36"
	(cm)	31cm	64cm	92cm

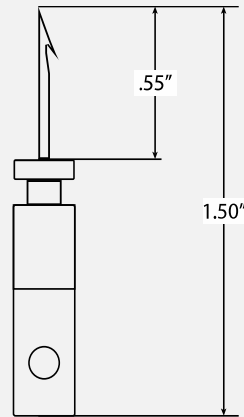
# TASER Smart Probe



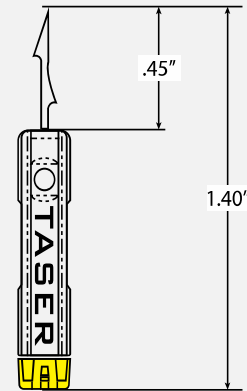
# Smart Cartridge - Probe Dimensions



Standard  
(15 ft)



XP  
(25 ft)



SP  
(15 ft & 25 ft)



# Probe Wires

- Copper Clad Steel with insulated coating
- Can break easily if stepped on or pulled
- Inadvertent contact with wires or the probe during discharge can result in electrical shock
- TASER operator should advise officers to avoid wires during restraint
- Avoid crossing wires when multiple TASER CEWs are deployed

# AFIDs

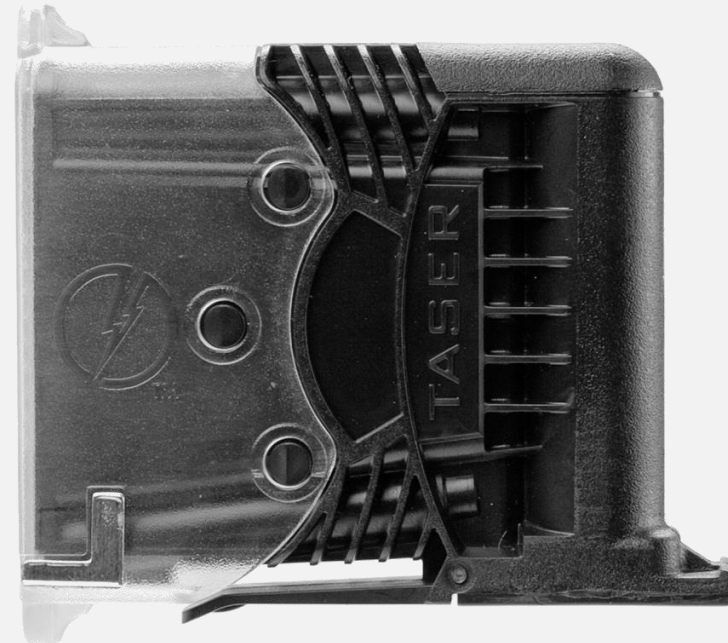


- Each cartridge contains 20-30 Anti-Felon Identification Tags (AFIDs) with the cartridge serial number printed on them

# Inert Resettable Simulation




- clear blast doors
- Appear on the CID as live cartridges
- No nitrogen, probes or wires
- For training only



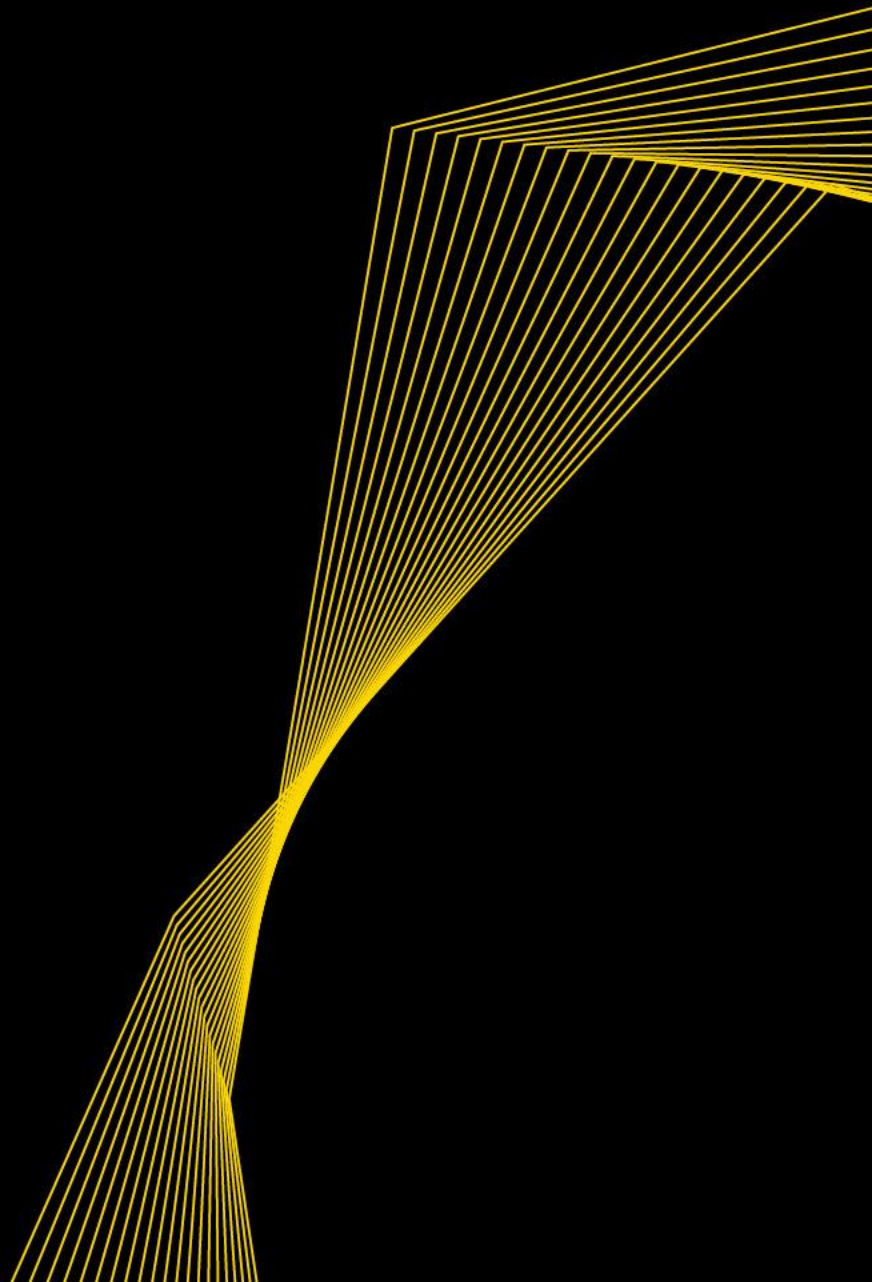
# Loading Cartridges

- Hold the Smart cartridge at both ends of the blast doors while keeping all body parts away from the front
- Ensure safety switch is in the down (SAFE) position
- Point the X2 CEW in a safe direction
- Insert the protruding end into the deployment bay until it is seated





# Basic Cleaning & Troubleshooting



# Basic Cleaning of the CEW

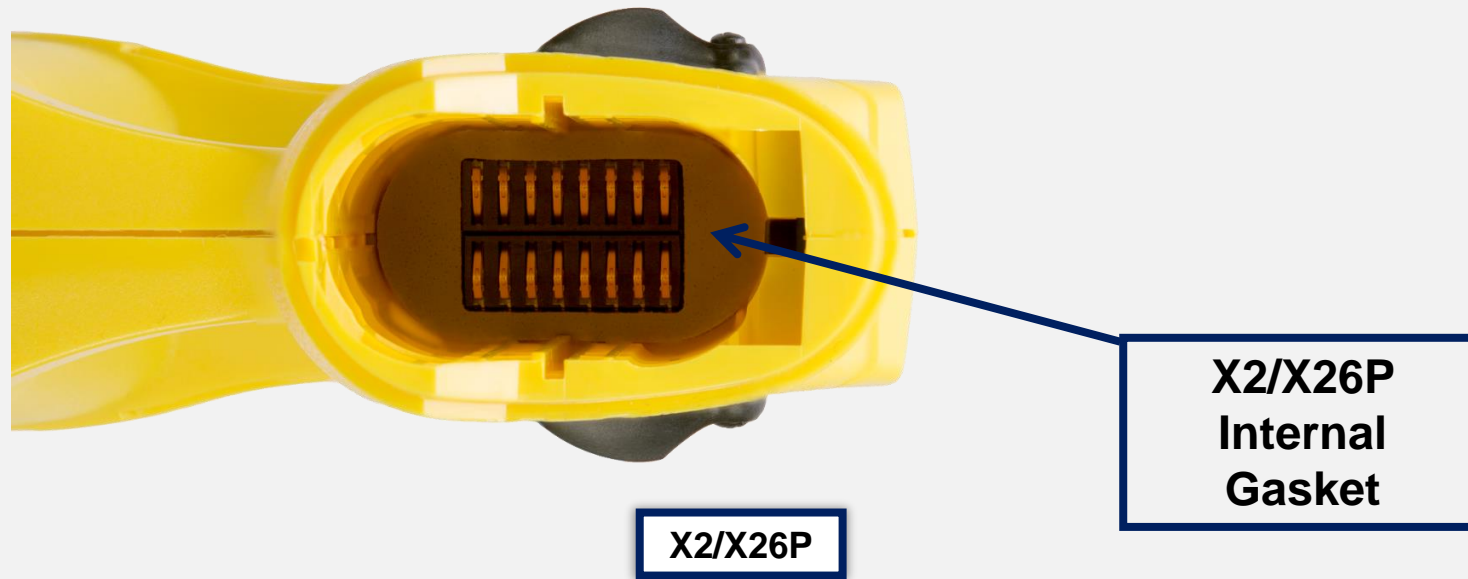
## WARNING!

- Always ensure that no live cartridges are loaded in a CEW prior to cleaning or maintenance
- **IMPORTANT:** Prior to cleaning any CEW, it is highly recommended that you perform a full download

# Basic Cleaning of the CEW

- Periodic cleaning of the outside surface area of the CEW is recommended
- Use a PDI Sanicloth™
- CEWs that are routinely exposed to salt air should be thoroughly cleaned on a frequent basis

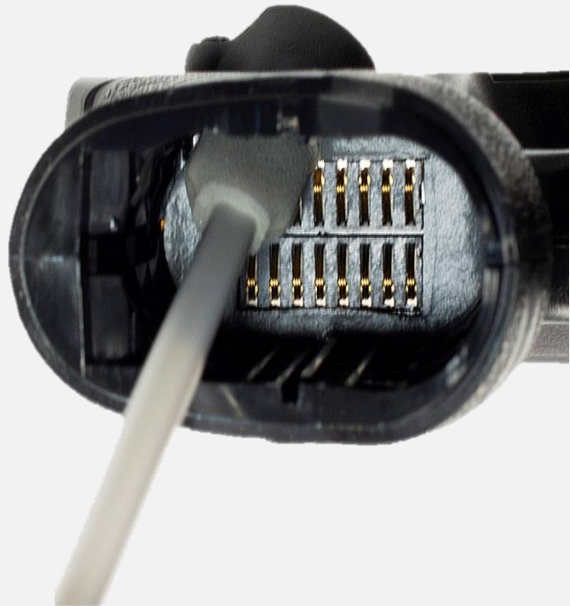
# Basic Cleaning of the X26P & X2



Regardless of which device is being cleaned, care must be taken when working with the contacts within the handle of the device.



# Basic Cleaning



X2/X26P Contacts

- Use an IPA swab to clean the internal battery contacts on the unit
- Gently brush the contact pins with the swab
- DO NOT push the swab stick into the unit with any pressure, doing so may damage the contacts

If working with a newly opened swab, be careful not to force any excess fluid from the tip of the swab into the handle.

# Cleaning the X2 Cartridge Contacts



- The IPA swab is shaped ideally for cleaning the cartridge bay contacts of the X2
- Insert the swab into the bottom of the cartridge bay – laying it flat and sliding it back until it reaches inside the contact points
- Perform for both cartridge bays

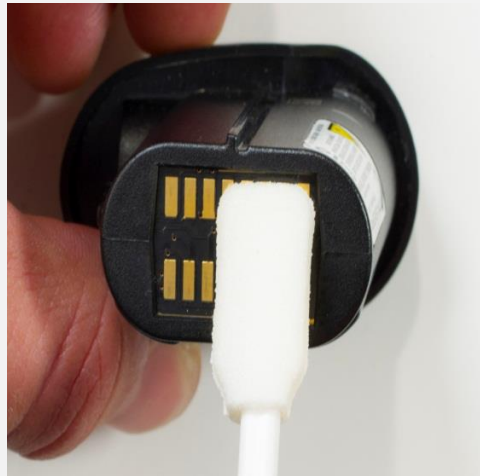


 **CAUTION**

Do not attempt to insert any other foreign objects into the cartridge bays or damage to the contacts may occur.

# Basic Cleaning of the PPM

The battery contacts on CEWs should be cleaned periodically for the highest performance of the CEW and its power source



PPM Contacts

- Use the IPA swab to clean the contacts on the PPM
- You may see a small amount of black (carbon) or white (oxidation) buildup on the contacts – using the swab will help clean this material off and improve contact between the battery and the CEW

In addition to carbon buildup or oxidation, small pieces of dirt or lint can also buildup on the contacts and possibly affect performance.

# Cleaning with Compressed Air

Clean CEWs periodically with canned air to remove foreign material like dust and dirt from the contacts



Use canned compressed air only. Do not use an air compressor as this may force moisture into the device.

# Cleaning CEW of Biohazards



1. Remove the cartridge
2. Remove the power source (DPM, PPM, etc.)
3. Using the PDI Sanicloth™, wipe the material from the CEW. Make sure to wipe every surface of the CEW including inside the handle
4. DO NOT press too hard into the handle of the unit. Doing so may result in damage to the battery contacts
5. Let the CEW sit for 30 to 45 minutes before replacing the power source
6. After replacing the power source, perform three 5-second spark tests
7. Perform a data download and sync the CEW

# Exposure to Water



DO NOT attempt to use a CEW that has been completely submerged in water

- If a CEW gets completely submerged in water, ensure the safety switch is in the down (SAFE) position and remove the cartridge(s) and power source
- Follow the RMA process to submit the CEW to Axon Enterprise

# Exposure to Water



Failure to perform the following steps may result in an unintentional discharge when the safety switch is placed in the up (ARMED) position

- TASER CEWs exposed to extreme moisture have discharged with the safety switch still in the down (SAFE) position due to the moisture short circuiting the electronic components
- Cartridges that are exposed to significant moisture must be disposed of in an ESD safe procedure\*

# Exposure to Water



The following procedure is for those CEWs exposed to a significant amount of moisture but not completely submerged in water.

1. Ensure the safety switch is in the down (SAFE) position and remove the cartridge(s) following the safe procedures outlined in the user manual and training material
2. Remove the power source
3. Wipe down all exposed surfaces including inside the cartridge bays
4. Allow the CEW to air dry for 24 hours before proceeding
  - Warm dry air is preferred – do not use a hair dryer or other external heat source (e.g. microwave oven, etc.)



# Exposure to Water

5. After 24 hours, ensure that all components are completely dry; replace the power source
  - Wait one minute before proceeding to the next step. Verify that the CEW is not getting warm or showing signs of short-circuiting
6. Point the front of the CEW away from you, place the safety switch in the up (ARMED) position and observe the CEW
  - If the CEW discharges without pulling the trigger, put the safety switch in the down (SAFE) position, remove the power source and return to TASER via the RMA process if it is still under warranty
  - If the CEW does not discharge without pulling the trigger, conduct three complete sparks tests for a full 5-seconds each to ensure the proper pulse rate and that the cycle stops at 5 seconds

# Exposure to Water

7. If the CEW does not operate normally, ensure the safety switch is in the down (SAFE) position and remove the power source
  - Return the CEW to TASER via the RMA process if it is still under warranty
8. If the CEW does function normally, ensure the safety switch is in the down (SAFE) position
  - Download and sync the CEW to ensure the internal time is correct.
  - Ensure that the three spark tests were recorded properly in the download records. Return the CEW to service

# X26 Troubleshooting



- When performing checks on a loaded device, always point the CEW in a safe direction and never place hands or other parts of the body in front of the CEW.
- Users should not attempt to diagnose issues with a CEW while it is loaded. Always unload the TASER CEW prior to performing diagnostics, checks or maintenance when possible.

# X26 CID CODES

SYMPTOM

P

X26 CID

- CID displays a “P” when you insert a new DPM into the X26.
  - The X26 is being reprogrammed with a more current version of firmware. DO NOT disturb this process.
  - “P” = Programming

SYMPTOM

E

X26 CID

- CID Displays a “E” after you ‘ARM’ the X26 and it will not function.
  - An error has occurred during the programming of the X26
  - X26 must be returned via RMA for firmware reprogramming.
  - “E” = Error

# X26 CID CODES

SYMPTOM

EE

X26 CID

- CID displays an “EE”.
    - Indicates a poor connection between the X26 and DPM.
    - Clean the contacts on the DPM as well as within the handle of the X26.
    - If above fails to remedy the problem, replace the DPM.
- 

SYMPTOM

00

X26 CID

- CID Displays a “00” after you ‘ARM’ the device.
  - The X26 may be corrupted.
  - Attempt to clean the contacts first prior to inserting a new DPM.
  - The energy level of the DPM may be low or at 00%

# X26 CID CODES

SYMPTOM

E2

X26 CID

- CID displays an “E2”.
  - A new error code introduced with DPM Version 24
  - Indicates the internal time has reset to the factory default.
  - Perform a data download and Sync the time.
  - Ensure that the device has a DPM/XDPM inserted at all times.

# Smart Weapon Troubleshooting



**WARNING!**

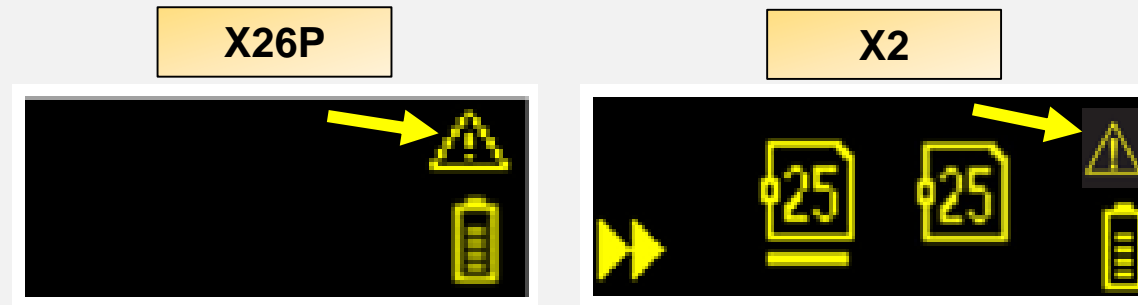


- Never perform troubleshooting on a loaded device.
- Always point the CEW in a safe direction and never place hands or other parts of the body in front of the CEW.

# Troubleshooting – Major Fault

## SYMPTOM

- CID shows a major fault icon



## DIAGNOSTIC STEPS

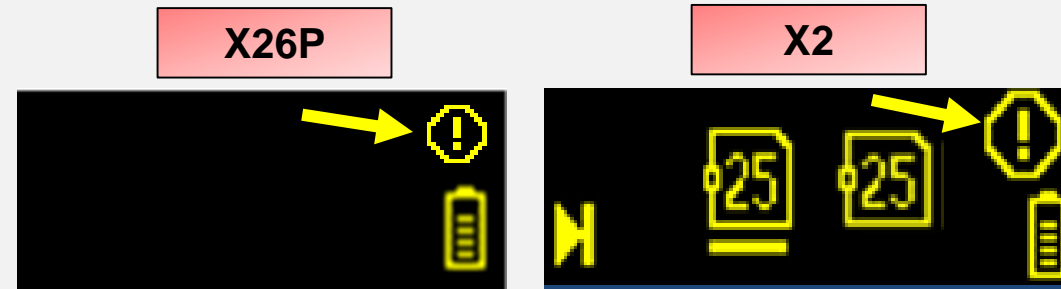
- The X26P/X2 detected a fault in the ability to properly log firing events.
- Connect the CEW to Evidence Sync to Synchronize the internal clock and check for firmware updates.
- Return the X26P/X2 via RMA noting “Major Fault” in the description if the issue remains.



# Troubleshooting – Critical Fault

## SYMPTOM

- CID shows a critical fault icon



## DIAGNOSTIC STEPS

- The X26P/X2 detected a problem with the communication with the High Voltage Module, or the Cartridge Illumination Module (X2 only).
- As a result, the X26P/X2 will not function and must be returned via the RMA process noting “Critical Fault” as the description.

# Troubleshooting General Guidance

- Flashlight/LASER inoperable
  - Verify that the CEW is not in stealth mode
  - Verify that these functions haven't been disabled on the CEW by the user
- Bottom LASER inoperable (X2 Only)
  - Is designed to shut off when no active cartridge is installed
- CID is dim
  - Verify that the CEW is not in stealth mode

# Troubleshooting General Guidance

- PPMs are draining quickly
  - Ensure that you are using a TASER approved holster to properly secure the safety switch
  - Remove the PPM during long term storage.

# Troubleshooting General Guidance

## Update your Firmware!

- TASER continues to make improvements to Smart CEWs, as well as add new functionality.
- A regularly scheduled firmware maintenance process is critical to the sustained life of Smart CEWs.
- All CEWs should be programmed with the updated firmware ASAP
- Failure to update firmware could affect Smart CEWs performance and shorten its useful life

# Smart CEW Firmware Updates

- Updated operating firmware can be downloaded to the CEW from Evidence.com Lite (free version)
- Evidence.com will indicate if your CEW has the most current firmware
- Firmware updates can also be downloaded to a PC from TASER.com through Evidence Sync software

# Troubleshooting General Guidance

- Use conductive targets for training in order to avoid any adverse affect on smart weapons
- These conductive targets are available from Axon or can be homemade to suit your needs



# X26P Troubleshooting

## SYMPTOM

- No spark when trigger is pulled
- 

## DIAGNOSTIC STEPS

- Verify that the X26P has the latest firmware.
- Replace with a new PPM.
- Point the X26P in a safe direction and turn safety switch to the up (ARMED) position.
- Press trigger.
- If the X26P sparks with trigger pull then the issue was with the old PPM.
- If the X26P does not spark with trigger pull, return via RMA.

# X2 Troubleshooting

## SYMPTOM

- No spark when trigger is pulled
- 

## DIAGNOSTIC STEPS

- Verify that the X2 has the latest firmware.
- Check battery capacity – **if greater than 20%**
- Depress ARC switch for at least 3 seconds.
- If spark is present at both bays, the problem is with the trigger.
- Place safety switch to the down (SAFE) position and return the device via RMA noting “No spark – trigger fault” in the description.



# X2 Troubleshooting

## SYMPTOM

- No spark when trigger is pulled (Con't.)

## DIAGNOSTIC STEPS

- If no spark at both bays, replace with a new PPM and proceed to next step.
- Point the X2 in a safe direction and turn safety switch to the up (ARMED) position.
- Press trigger.
- Depress ARC switch for at least 3 seconds.
- If CEW sparks with trigger pull and with ARC switch in both bays, then the issue was with the old PPM.
- If CEW does not spark with trigger pull and/or ARC switch, return via RMA.

# X2 Troubleshooting

## SYMPTOM

- CID does not display the correct cartridge type



= 15' Live Cartridge in bay



= Bay is Empty



= 25' Live Cartridge in bay



= Deployed Cartridge in bay

## DIAGNOSTIC STEPS

- Place the safety switch in the down (SAFE) position.
- Clean the contacts on the cartridge and in the cartridge bay.
- If correct cartridge type is not shown, insert a new cartridge in the bay displaying wrong cartridge type.
- Return cartridge with the wrong cartridge type via RMA with “Cartridge Configuration Fault” in the description.

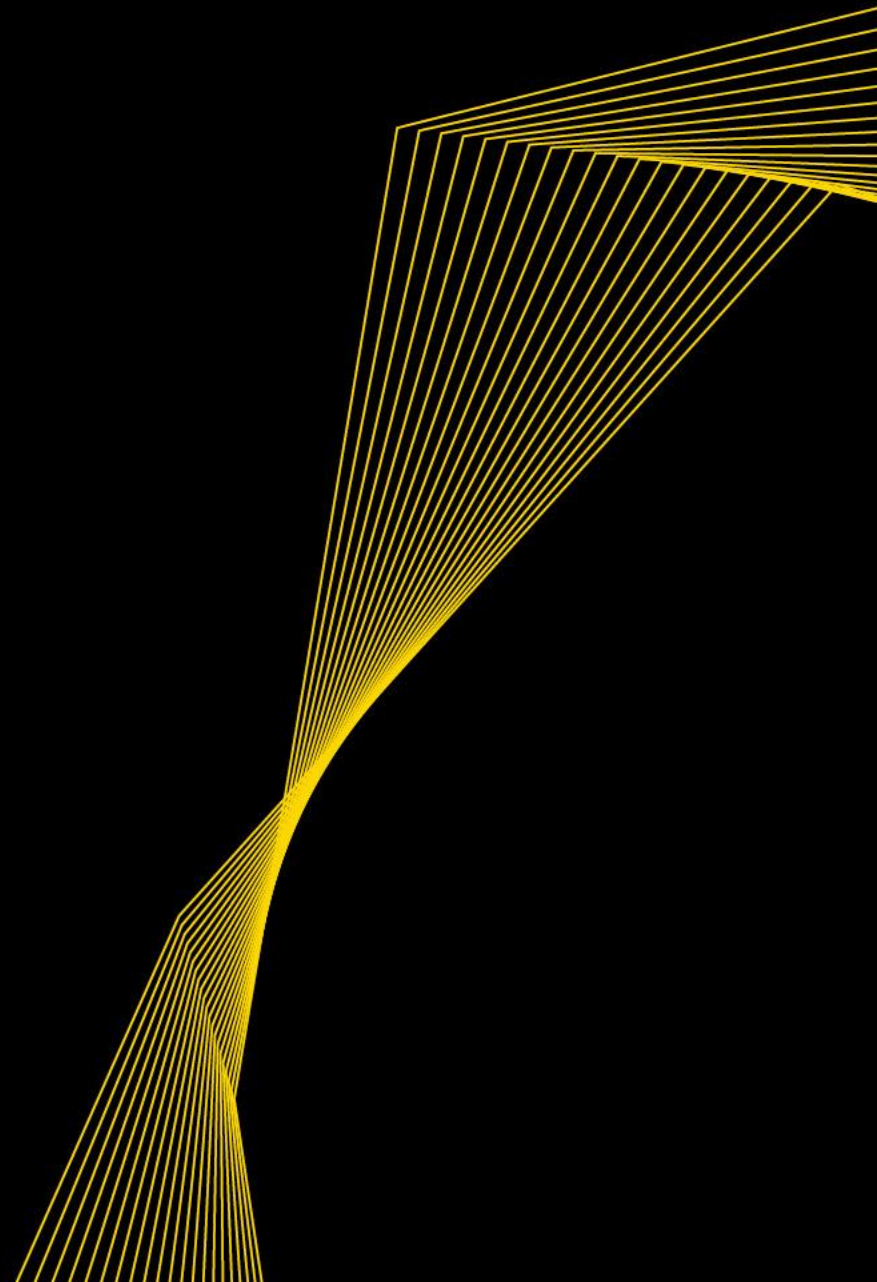
# Smart Cartridge Micro Fractures



- Repeated arcing with the same smart cartridges loaded into an X2 can cause small micro fractures to appear on the blast doors
- These micro fractures do not affect the ability of the smart cartridge to perform in the field (e.g. probe deployment, drive stuns, etc.)
- These micro fractures in the blast doors may cause the arc to occur inside the smart cartridge and not be visible to the user, however the cartridge will still perform as expected for drive stuns and probe deployments



# CEW Smart Use Considerations



# 4<sup>th</sup> Amendment Standard

- All officers must comply with the 4th Amendment when using TASER CEWs
- It is up to your agency to set its own policies for the use of TASER CEWs, which may be more restrictive than the Fourth Amendment standard
- TASER provides Smart Use Considerations for the use of TASER CEWs, but does not set the standard

# 4<sup>th</sup> Amendment Standard

*Graham v. Connor*, 490 U.S. 386 (1989)

- Officer's force must be objectively reasonable under the totality of circumstances as reasonably perceived by the officer at the moment the force is used
- 3 Main Factors:
  - the severity of the crime at issue
  - whether the suspect poses an immediate threat to the safety of the officers or others
  - whether subject is actively resisting arrest or attempting to evade arrest by flight

# CEW Smart Use Considerations

When Reasonable:

- Use the minimum force necessary to accomplish lawful objectives
- Use force only on those “**actively resisting**” or higher
- Give a verbal warning before the use of force
- Give subjects a reasonable opportunity to comply before force is used or repeated
- Immediately cease any force once a subject is under control

# CEW Smart Use Considerations

- Ensure CEW use is within:
  - Law (correctly applied legal standards of care) and
  - Within policy and training
  
- Do not use CEW for:
  - verbal defiance
  - belligerence
  - punishment
  - horse play



# CEW Smart Use Considerations

- Follow “targeting guidelines” when feasible, avoiding the chest and splitting the beltline for close-range shots
- Use 5-second “window of opportunity” to restrain and “cuff under power”
- Be able to justify every CEW trigger pull or 5-seconds of discharge under the specific circumstances presented

# CEW Smart Use Considerations

- Avoid repeated or continuous CEW exposures unless necessary to counter immediate threat
- Avoid using CEW on vulnerable or higher risk populations (e.g. small children, elderly, pregnant) unless necessary to counter immediate threat
- Monitor subject post-CEW use. As with any use of force, if subject is unresponsive, initiate EMS/CPR protocols

# CEW Smart Use Considerations

- Avoid using CEW drive stuns *except*:
  - 3 or 4-point contact to complete circuit or increase probe spread
  - “break-contact” or distraction tactic create reactionary distance
  - brief application to attempt pain compliance
- Do not repeat drive stuns if compliance not achieved
- Do not use drive stuns if pain is unlikely to gain compliance due to mind-body disconnect (psychotic episode) or increased pain tolerance (drugs/alcohol)



# Brief Overview of Select Medical and Safety Findings

*Review TASER's CEW Research Index and other  
documents and materials on Axon's website*

# Cardiac

Experts have identified the following key factors related to CEW cardiac risks:

- Dart-to-heart distances
- Amount of delivered electrical charge

The further the CEW dart is away from the heart and the fewer CEW cycles applied, the lower the risk of the CEW affecting the heart

# Cardiac

CEW cardiac risks are low, but not zero

To reduce cardiac risks (when possible):

- Target the back
- Avoid targeting the chest
- Avoid repeated or continuous exposures

# Physiologic/Metabolic Effects

CEWs may produce effects that could increase the risk of sudden death, including changes in:

- Blood chemistry
- Blood pressure
- Respiration
- Heart rate and rhythm
- Adrenaline and stress hormones

The longer the CEW exposure, the greater the potential effects. Use reasonable efforts to minimize the number and duration of CEW exposures

# Physiologic and metabolic effects

Studies show CEW effects are usually comparable to or less than:

- Fighting
- Fleeing

Numerous human studies have shown lower CEW effects on human physiology compared to some other force options



# Avoid Extended or Repeated Applications

Each trigger pull must be legally justified

- Use the shortest duration of CEW exposure necessary to accomplish lawful objectives
- Reassess the subject's behavior before repeating or continuing the exposure, and provide breaks in the CEW stimulation when practicable
- Several law enforcement groups (e.g. IACP, PERF, COPS, DOJ) have established 15 seconds of CEW exposure (multiple applications or continuous) as a significant safety point

# Higher Risk Populations

CEWs, like other force options, have not been laboratory tested on:

- Pregnant women
- Elderly
- Small children
- Low body-mass index / very thin persons

**CEW use on these individuals could increase the risk of death or serious injury**

# Medically Compromised Persons

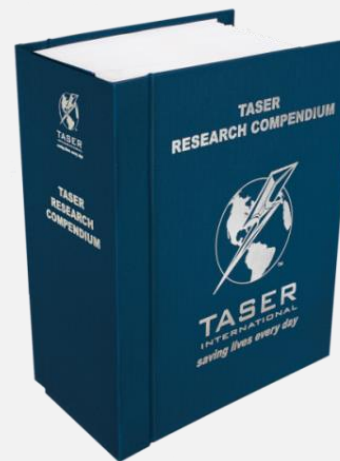
- Any law enforcement use of force, including a CEW, may cause or contribute to death or serious injury
- Law enforcement personnel are called upon to deal with individuals in crises that are often medically compromised and who may be susceptible to arrest-related death
- The subject may already be at risk of death or serious injury as a result of pre-existing conditions, individual susceptibilities, or other factors
- **Follow your agency's guidance and policies when dealing with medically compromised persons**

# Independent Conclusions

All CEW users/instructors are encouraged to do their own research and analysis

Some of the latest CEW research can be viewed at:

<https://www.axon.com/legal>





# Tactical Considerations



# Holster: Pros & Cons

<b>Support Side Carry</b>	<b>Dominant Side Carry</b>
+ Lower Risk of Drawing Wrong Weapon Under Stress	+ Weapon Retention
+ Hip crossdraw = Faster Engagement on Target	
+ Easier ID as a CEW By Other Officers	<b>Higher risk of weapon confusion</b>
<b>Weapon retention issues, depending on DT training</b>	<b>Known incidents of shootings by mistaken weapon confusion</b>
<i>Refer to your department's tactical experts to make your own policy on how to carry, holster, and deploy the TASER CEW</i>	

# Probe Placement

Effectiveness is directly related to probe spread and probe location

- Greater probe spreads increase effectiveness
- Probe spreads typically are more effective if one probe is above and the other probe is below the beltline

# Preferred Target Zone Rear (when possible)

Below neck (blue zone)

- Large muscles
- Avoid head

*The back is always the preferred target area when reasonably practicable*





# Preferred Target Zone Front (when possible)

Lower torso (blue zone below chest)

- More effective
  - Larger muscles
  - Split the beltline
- Reduces risk of hitting sensitive body areas (see product warnings)
- Increases dart-to-heart safety margin distances
- Do not intentionally target genitals



# Probe Placement

- If practicable, deploy probes in preferred target zones of suspect's back:
  - Clothing fits tighter
  - Surprise factor
  - Stronger muscles – usually even more overwhelming
- SP cartridges are more effective in reducing clothing disconnects
- Keep CEW in line with target
  - Vertical vs. Horizontal (subject lying down)
- Get both probes in preferred target zones

# Probe Placement

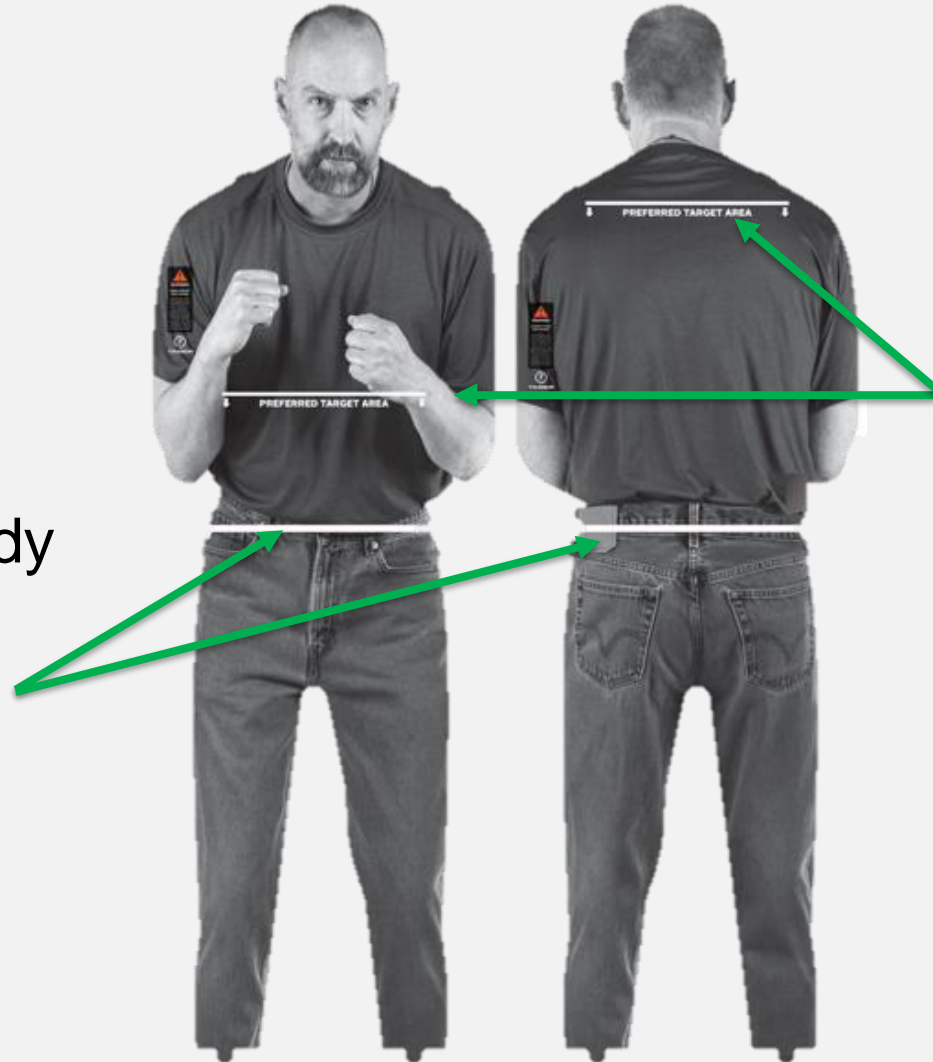
**Avoid intentionally targeting the CEW on sensitive areas of the body such as the head, throat, breast, chest or area of the heart, genitals, or known pre-existing injury areas without legal justification**



# TASER Conductive Targets

## Conductive full-size targets available from TASER

- Preferred target zones
- Auditory feedback
- Allows targeting of lower body and legs
- Practice splitting the beltline



**Upper limit of preferred target zone**

# Tactical Considerations

- Have reasonable and appropriate force options available when practical
- Consider cover and distance tactics
- When practical:
  - have at least one back-up officer present to control/cuff under power
  - consider landing zone

# Injuries From Falls

NMI frequently causes subject to fall

- Falls are often uncontrolled and subjects are often unable to protect or catch themselves
- Falls, even from ground level, can cause serious injuries or death (especially on a hard surface)

# Tactical Considerations

- **Keep** sufficient slack in the wires
- **Move** with the subject if they start to roll
- **Consider:** If only one probe hits or low probe spread, consider drive stun follow-up with cartridge still in place (X26/P) or discharging a second cartridge (X2)

# Be Careful of Distractions

- There are incidents/cases where officers have been accused of using excessive CEW exposures caused by distractions (including by nearby family members, bystanders, incident witnesses), stress, etc.
- Be alert to and avoid potential or occurring distractions that may result in unnecessary additional 5-second CEW cycles or extended exposures



# Deployment Distance Considerations

## Deployments from 0-7 feet (0 – 2 meters)

- High hit probability BUT limited probe spread
- Split the beltline to increase effectiveness
- A minimum 12-inch probe spread is optimal



# Small Probe Spread Video

## Video Learning Points

- Voluntary exposure with small probe spread on the back of the left leg
- Subject feeling the effects of the cycle, however still able to deliver effective baton strikes

# Small Probe Spread Video

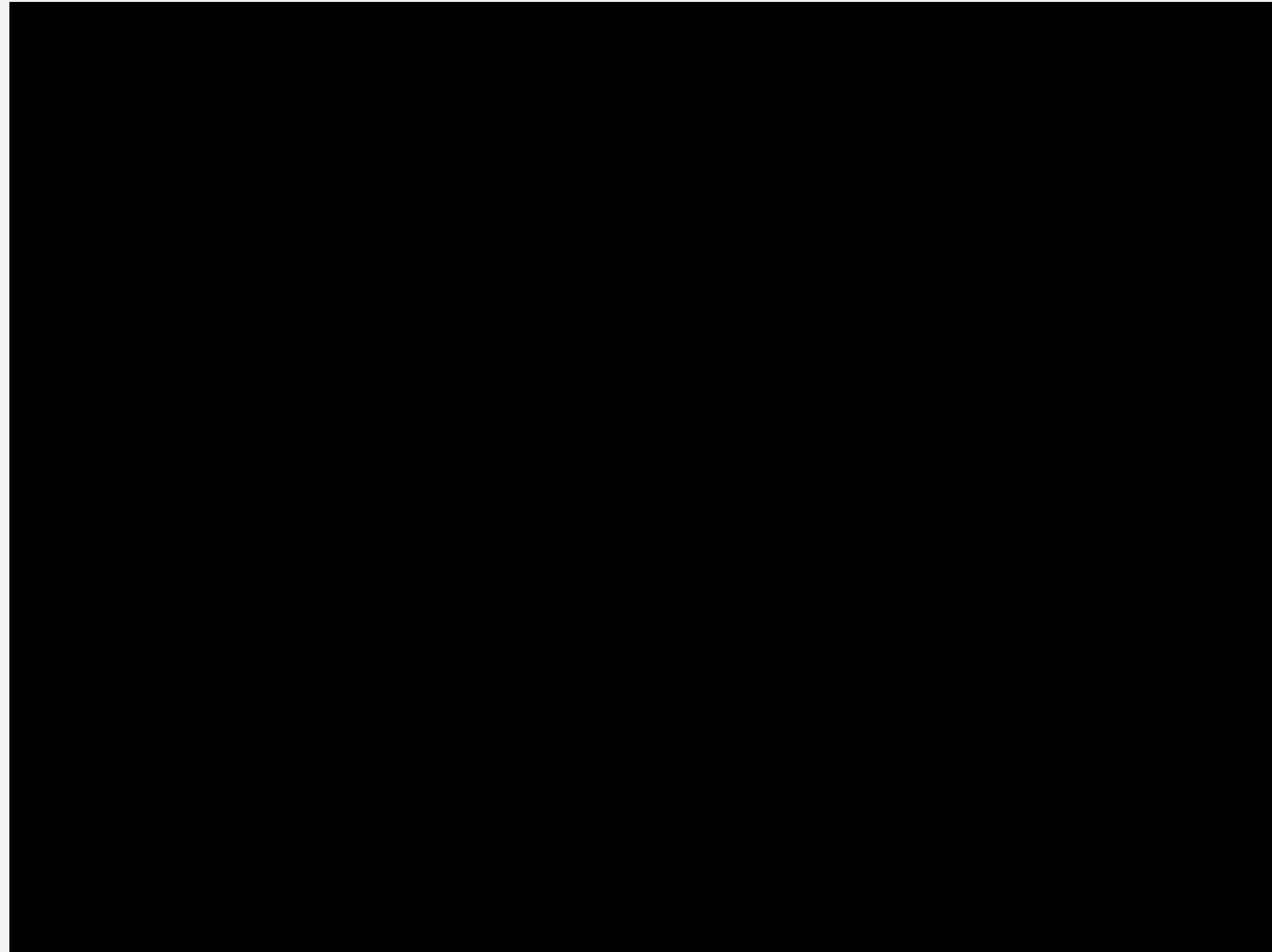


# Close Distance Video

## Video Learning Points

- Both probes in the chest
- Little spread
- Some effect but not NMI
- Subject able to pull out probes

# Close Distance Video



# Close Quarters Video

## Video Learning Points

- Small civil courtroom
- Suspect, victim and witness very close
- Bailiff deploys X26 at very close range
  - Initially forgot to arm the X26
  - Avoids victim and witness
  - Suspect incapacitated and held until backup arrives
- Would baton or pepper spray have been a good option?

# Close Quarters Video



# Deployment Distance Considerations

## Deployments from 7-15 feet (2 – 4.5 meters)

- Optimal distance
- Good hit probability with both probes
- Greater probe spread
- Slack in wires
- Large reactionary distance



# Deployment Distance Considerations

**Deployments from 15 – 25 feet (4.5 – 7.6 m):**

- May be out of range of 15/21' cartridges
- Fair hit probability with both probes
- Large probe spread = large amount of muscle affected
- Less slack in wires
- Larger reactionary distance

# Some Causes of Limited Effectiveness

- Miss or single dart hit
- Close probe spread
- Incomplete, broken, or intermittent circuit
- Loose or thick clothing
- Low nerve or muscle mass
- Obese subject
- Wires break, touch each other, or fall on a conductive surface
- Operator error

# Look for a Change in Behavior

- Look AND listen when evaluating the effectiveness of a CEW deployment
  - Watch the subject's reaction
  - Look for a change in behavior
- Loud arcing sound typically indicates NO connection
- Intermittent arcing typically indicates a poor connection such as a clothing disconnect

# Intermittent Connection

## Video Learning Points

- Voluntary exposure in conjunction with CEW training
- Volunteer is wearing a loose fitting shirt
- Spotters lower him immediately after the deployment, effectively closing the distance between the bottom probe and the volunteer's skin

# Intermittent Connection



# Contingencies

- CEW may have limited or no effect
- No weapon system will operate or be effective all of the time
- A CEW or cartridge may not fire or be effective
- Reload new cartridge and re-engage if legally justified (X26/P)
- Advance to next cartridge and re-engage (X2)
- Employ other force options, other alternatives, or disengage

# Ineffective Front Shot Video

## Video Learning Points

- Thick, loose clothing on upper torso
- OC deployment prior to CEW usage failed to achieve compliance
- No discernable effect from CEW
- Officers transitioned to hands-on

# Ineffective Front Shot





# Flammability

- TASER CEW can ignite explosive materials, liquids, fumes, gases, vapors, or other flammable substances

(Gasoline, sewer gases, meth labs, flammable personal defense sprays, hair gels, butane lighters, etc.)

- Some propulsion agents (carriers) are flammable
- Do not deploy a CEW in conjunction with flammable personal defense sprays

Note: Test to make sure your personal defense spray is not flammable

# Increased Deployment Risk Examples

Subject:

- On an elevated position or platform
- Running or under momentum
- Operating vehicle or machinery
- In flammable or explosive environment
- Obviously pregnant
- In water, mud, muck (drowning risk)
- Sensitive target areas
- Obviously frail or infirm
- Low body mass
- Probes in heart or chest area
- Extended, repeated, or continuous discharges

# Water Deployment Video

## Video Learning Points

- Emotionally disturbed subject standing next to an in-ground swimming pool
- Firearm lying at his feet on pool deck
- Above and below the beltline shot placement
- Officers entered same body of water as the subject during the cycle

# Water Deployment Video



# Single Officer Deployment

## Video Learning Points

- No immediately available handcuff/control officers
- Apparent effective CEW front shot
- What to do with the CEW immediately after the deployment?
  - Re-holster? Does your CEW holster maintain wire integrity?
  - Lay the CEW on the ground?
  - Await back-up if available?

# Single Officer Deployment



# Controlling/Cuffing Under Power

You can go hands on with the subject during the 5-second cycle without feeling the effects of NMI.

- Electricity generally follows the path of least resistance
- Use each 5-second cycle as a "window of opportunity" to control/cuff while the subject is affected
- Cuffing under power can reduce the need for repeated or extended CEW exposures

# Control and Cuffing under power Video

## Video Learning Points

- Subject with a knife
- Several Use of Force option back-up/cover officers
- TASER CEW deployed to subjects back area
- Controlled and cuffed under power



# Control and Cuffing under power Video



# Inmate Under Power Video

## Video Learning Points

- Consideration given to splitting the belt line
- Handcuff/Control officers readily available
- Good verbal communication

# Inmate Under Power Video



# Suicidal Subjects

- Follow your agency's policy and basic officer safety rules/training when dealing with suicidal subjects
- CEWs may be an effective way to deal with suicidal subjects
- The CEW is NOT a substitute for deadly force
- Establish deadly-force cover as needed and available

# Suicidal Man with a Knife De-escalation Video

## Video Learning Points

- Subject with a knife
- Several Use of Force option back-up/cover officers
- Clear commands in attempt to de-escalate

# Suicidal Man with a Knife De-escalation Video



# Subject with a Knife De-escalation Video

## Video Learning Points

- Subject with a knife
- Several Use of Force option back-up/cover officers
- Clear communication in attempt to de-escalate

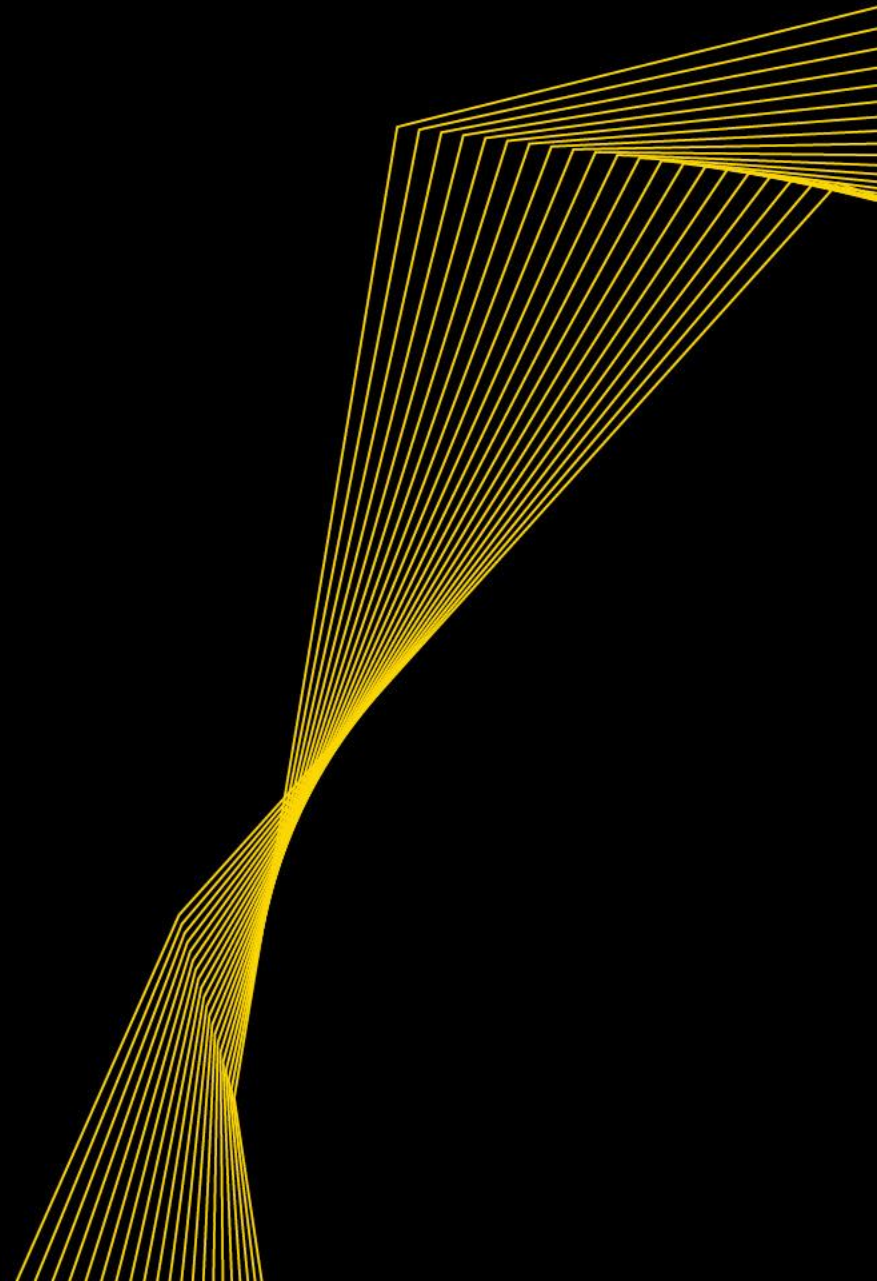
# Subject with a Knife De-escalation Video







# Drive Stun



# Probe Deployment vs Drive Stun

Probe deployments are more desirable/effective than drive stuns (other than 3-point deployments)

- NMI vs. pain compliance
- Can be applied from a safer distance
- Usually require fewer cycles

# Drive Stun

- Use care when applying the drive stun near the neck or groin (yellow)
- Avoid areas that can be easily crushed like the trachea (red), the back of the neck, and the genitals
- Follow agency policy



# Drive Stun

- To use the drive stun without deploying the probes, remove the live cartridge (X26/P), or depress the ARC switch (X2)
- If not effective, transition to alternative force option
- Do not hold on to a live cartridge while applying a drive stun. If cartridge gets within approximately 2 inches of the CEW, it may deploy

# Drive Stun with Live Cartridge

Can be effective

- Probes may not deploy if in direct contact with the subject
- Will not cause NMI

Alternative

- Deploy probes at close range and apply (3-4 point) drive stun away from probe impact sites to increase NMI potential



# Animals



# Effects on Animals

If CEW's are used on animals, consider having animal control stand by to apply a restraint during the cycle

# Animal Use Video





# Police/Military K-9 Caution

- If K-9 bites probe or between probes during CEW deployment, the dog may receive a shock
- An electrical shock to a K-9 may result in a hesitant, hesitating, or bite adverse K-9
- Develop procedures and train K-9 handlers and CEW operators on this issue



Post Incident

A decorative graphic on the right side of the slide, consisting of numerous thin, parallel yellow lines that curve and converge towards the center, creating a sense of depth and movement.

# Post Incident

- Record incident from officer's point of view
- Fully document
  - Subject's threats, behaviors, and actions
  - Each application of force
  - Each CEW trigger pull or 5-second discharge
  - Each injury or alleged injury

# Post Incident

- Consider using your radio to establish record of significant events with dispatch time logs (call in):
  - Immediately at end of CEW use
  - Immediately upon subject being handcuffed
- Monitor subject's medical condition and report any changes
- As with any use of force, if subject is unresponsive, initiate EMS/CPR protocols

# Probe Removal Policy Considerations

- May officers remove probes?
  - Common probe penetration
  - Sensitive location probe penetration
  - Uncommon probe penetration
- Proper handling of removed probes
  - Bio-hazard
  - Evidentiary value

# Probe Removal Follow-up

- Note if probes penetrated skin
- Photographs of impact site and injuries
- Medical follow-up
- Ensure probe and barb are intact

# Considerations for Handling Used Probes (Field Deployments)



Factors to be considered include:

- Unanticipated probe-related injury
- Probe in sensitive area
- Deeper embedment of probe due to movement, body position, or pressure on probe
- Evidence collection, proper storage, and retention\*

# Considerations for Handling Used Probes (Field Deployments & Training)



- Treat probes that have penetrated the body as contaminated needles (use gloves)
- Grab probe firmly and quickly pull (pluck) straight out (consistent with agency policy)
- Carefully place used probes sharp-tip first into either a sharps container or into the cartridge side wire pocket container, secure in place, and place in a secure location where no one will accidentally touch probes



# Evidence Collection

Consider (consistent with legal requirements and agency policy):

- Photographing injuries, probe impact or energy arcing sites or contact points
- Collecting cartridge, probes, AFIDs
- TASER CEW Evidence Collection and Analysis Course

# Critical Event Assistance

- A Critical Events contact form can be submitted through:
  - <https://returns.axon.com/CriticalEventsForm.aspx>
- Once submitted (law enforcement only), you will be contacted as soon as possible by a TASER representative.
- **While you wait for our response, please download the [Critical Event Checklist](https://returns.axon.com/Documents/CriticalEventsForm/Critical-Event-Checklist.pdf)**
  - <https://returns.axon.com/Documents/CriticalEventsForm/Critical-Event-Checklist.pdf>



# Evidence Sync and Evidence.com



# Evidence.com and Evidence Sync

- The following slides will offer a very brief overview of Evidence.com and Evidence Sync. There is a full tutorial on Evidence.com and Evidence Sync located on axon.com: <https://www.axon.com/training/resources>

# Evidence.com

**Evidence.com** is a program offered by Axon Enterprise that makes it easy for agencies of any size to manage CEW related material, collect, transfer, manage, retrieve and share any form of digital evidence.

There are two versions available.

# Evidence.com Lite

Evidence.com Lite is a free program offered by Axon Enterprise to agencies for management of CEW related material.


- Cloud storage solution
- For CEW firing records including TASER cam footage.
- Allows for CEW device assignment

# Evidence.com Pro

Evidence.com Pro is a fee based subscription program offered by Axon Enterprise to agencies for management digital evidence that may include CEW firing records, video, digital photographs, etc.


- Cloud storage solution
- Fee is based on the amount of cloud storage capacity that an agency requires.

# Evidence.com Event Log


PARTIPILO, MICHAEL (002)  
Last login 09 Nov 2017  
[ SIGN OUT ]

EVIDENCE
CASES
DEVICES
REPORTS
ADMIN
HELP

ALL EVIDENCE   MY EVIDENCE   SHARED EVIDENCE   EVIDENCE MAP   IMPORT EVIDENCE



**TASER X2 CEW Log 2017-11-09 0712** 



[ADD ID](#)



[ADD CATEGORY](#)

DOWNLOAD	FLAG	REASSIGN	AUDIT TRAIL	DELETE
▶ Power Magazine Change		0 Events Duration 0s		15 Feb 2017 09:00:31 -06:00
▶ Firmware Update		0 Events Duration 0s		15 Feb 2017 09:00:31 -06:00
▶ Firmware Update		0 Events Duration 0s		15 Feb 2017 09:00:31 -06:00
▶ Firmware Update		0 Events Duration 0s		15 Feb 2017 09:00:31 -06:00
▶ Firmware Update		0 Events Duration 0s		15 Feb 2017 09:00:31 -06:00
▶ Armed		0 Events Duration 10s		15 Feb 2017 09:00:31 -06:00
▶ Power Magazine Change		0 Events Duration 0s		15 Feb 2017 09:00:52 -06:00
▶ Armed		0 Events Duration 1s		15 Feb 2017 09:00:52 -06:00
▶ Power Magazine Change		0 Events Duration 0s		15 Feb 2017 09:06:19 -06:00
▶ Armed		22 Events Duration 3m 16s		15 Feb 2017 09:06:19 -06:00
▶ Configuration		0 Events Duration 0s		15 Feb 2017 09:09:36 -06:00
▶ USB		6 Events Duration 7m 49s		15 Feb 2017 09:11:24 -06:00
▶ Armed		4 Events Duration 22s		15 Feb 2017 09:19:13 -06:00
▶ Configuration		1 Events Duration 90d 3h 6m 3s		15 Feb 2017 09:19:36 -06:00
▶ Armed		2 Events Duration 26s		16 May 2017 13:25:39 -05:00
▶ Armed		0 Events Duration 1s		16 May 2017 13:26:11 -05:00
▶ Armed		0 Events Duration 2s		16 May 2017 13:26:38 -05:00
▶ Armed		0 Events Duration 5s		16 May 2017 13:26:44 -05:00


**MANAGE EVIDENCE ACCESS**


 **INSIDE MY AGENCY**   No users have been added 

 **OUTSIDE MY AGENCY**   No users have been added 


 **No Location Added** 

**METADATA**

ASSIGNED TO:  Partipilo, Michael (002)

RECORDED ON:  

UPLOADED ON: Nov 9, 2017 8:12 AM -06:00

UPLOADED BY:  Partipilo, Michael (002)

DELETION SCHEDULED FOR:

FILE SIZE: 26.3 KB

**SOURCE**



# What is Evidence Sync?

- Evidence Sync is a software offered by Axon that allows agencies to:
  - Access TASER CEW firing data
  - Update firmware on CEWs
  - Automatically time sync CEWs
  - Assign TASER CEWs in conjunction with your agency's Evidence.com account

# Quarterly Downloads

- TASER Training recommends that these downloads be conducted on a quarterly basis, at a minimum
- This recommendation is based on the following overall goals:
  - Verify that the CEW has the most recent firmware installed.
  - Check the overall condition and functionality of the CEW; including spark rate, power source level and presence of any fault icons
  - Validate that recommended pre-shift or daily functionality/spark tests are being conducted via the CEW firing records
  - Retention of CEW firing records

# Offline Mode

The screenshot displays the Evidence Sync Offline Mode interface. At the top, it says 'SYNC Help' and 'EVIDENCE SYNC™ Offline 3.15.57'. The interface is divided into two main sections: 'Download Queue' and 'Logs'.

**Download Queue:** Shows a TASER X26P device with the following details: Serial: X12003N2C, Firmware: 04.032. A 'PDF report' button is available below the device information.

**Logs:** Features a filter section with 'Filters: OFF', 'From: 07:00 26 August 2015', 'To: 23:00 7 November 2017', and 'Events: All'. Below the filters is a table of log entries:

#	Local Time	Event	Duration	Temp	Batt %
73	07 Nov 2017 21:48:04	Safe	2s	27°C	80%
74	07 Nov 2017 21:48:45	Power Magazine Change	APPM S/N: 625366	Battery capacity: 95%	
75	07 Nov 2017 21:48:45	Armed		28°C	95%
76	07 Nov 2017 21:48:52	Trigger	5s		95%
77	07 Nov 2017 21:48:57	Safe	12s	29°C	95%
78	07 Nov 2017 22:21:43	USB Connected			
79	07 Nov 2017 22:22:54	Time Sync	07 Nov 2017 22:21:44 to 07 Nov 2017 22:22:54		

A 'PDF Report' button is located at the bottom of the logs section.

Offline Mode: Does not require an Evidence.com account or an internet connection. The Offline Mode will allow users to download firing data and videos to their local storage location. Users cannot access CEW Pulse graphs in Offline Mode or upload evidence to an Evidence.com account.

# Online Mode

SYNC Uploads Help

**EVIDENCE SYNC**™ Online 3.15.57 Cousins, Lamar (0837) Sign out

Upload Queue

Devices

X30002FWK  
Cousins, Lamar (0837)  
Firmware: 04.032  
PDF report

Folders

Search

★ Favorites

- Desktop
- Downloads
- Recent Items

Libraries

- CameraRoll
- Documents
- Music
- Pictures

Logs

Filters: ON From: 11:00 1 November 2017 To: 11:00 8 November 2017 Events: All

#	Local Time	Event	Cartridge Info	Duration	Temp	Batt %	Graphs
134	08 Nov 2017 10:12:03	Armed	C1 : 25' Standard C2 : 25' Standard		28°C	95%	
135	08 Nov 2017 10:12:08	Arc	C1 : 25' Standard C2 : 25' Standard	2s		95%	Graphs
136	08 Nov 2017 10:12:16	Arc	C1 : 25' Standard C2 : 25' Standard	2s		95%	Graphs
137	08 Nov 2017 10:12:22	Trigger	C1 : Deployed	5s		94%	Graphs
138	08 Nov 2017 10:12:29	Arc	C1 : Deployed C2 : 25' Standard	1s		94%	Graphs
139	08 Nov 2017 10:12:31	Trigger	C2 : Deployed	5s		94%	Graphs
140	08 Nov 2017 10:12:39	Arc	C1 : Deployed C2 : Deployed	3s		94%	Graphs
141	08 Nov 2017 10:12:47	Safe	C1 : Deployed C2 : Deployed	44s	31°C	94%	

PDF Report

Device Settings

Online Mode: Requires an internet connection and allows an agency to upload Evidence to their Evidence.com account. Online mode allows users to take full advantage of all of the abilities of Evidence Sync such as firmware updating, access CEW Pulse graphs, etc.

# MDT Mode



MDT Mode: This mode was designed to be used in an officer's patrol vehicle or any other place that does not have an active internet connection. The MDT mode will allow the user to view and add metadata to Axon videos prior to being uploaded to Evidence.com or a local storage location. You cannot upload, download, or delete videos in the MDT mode.

# Trilogy™ Logs

The purpose of the following slides is to provide various examples of Trilogy logs, which may be encountered by CEW users and their agencies.


The Trilogy logs consist of:

- Event log: When did the event happen?
- Pulse graph (log): What was the electrical energy output during the event (by the CEW)?
- Engineering log: How was the CEW performing during the event?

# Event log

The Event log tracks events. An event begins when the safety is moved to the up (ARMED) position and ends when it is moved to the down (SAFE) position. The Event log also stores deployment events for each cartridge bay: cartridge type, deployment status (whether the cartridge actually deployed or not), trigger pull vs. ARC switch activation, duration of cycle, date, and time.

The Event log also stores system configuration change events: (e.g. if the date, time, time sync, LASER, or flashlight settings are viewed or changed).



Taser Information  
Dept. Master Instructor Training  
Serial X3000087N  
Model TASER X2  
Firmware Version Rev. 04.032  
Device Name X3000087N  
Health Good

Report Generated by Cousins, Lamar  
Name 001  
Badge ID Mountain Standard Time (UTC -06:00)  
Local Timezone 30 Aug 2017 00:07:49  
Generated On

Device (X2)

Seq #	Local Time [dd:mm::yyyy Hr:min:Sec]	Event [Event Type]	Cartridge Information [Bay:length in feet/status]	Duration [Seconds]	Temp [Degrees Celsius]	Batt Remaining [%]
1	13 Jul 2017 08:13:53	Armed	C1: 25' Standard C2: 25' Standard		28 28	75 75
2	13 Jul 2017 08:13:54	Trigger	C1: Deployed	1		75
3	13 Jul 2017 08:13:54	Trigger	C2: Deployed	1		75
4	13 Jul 2017 08:13:55	Safe	C1: Deployed C2: Deployed	2 2	28 28	75 75
5	13 Jul 2017 13:28:15	Armed	C1: 25' Standard C2: 25' Standard		28 28	75 75

# Pulse Graph

- Pulse graph records pulse activity from trigger pulls and warning Arc displays.
- Pulse graph data does not reflect actual voltage or charge delivered into a target. In other words, the energy is metered at the weapon and the energy delivered to the target will ALWAYS be less than when it leaves the weapon due to various levels of resistance.



# Pulse Graph

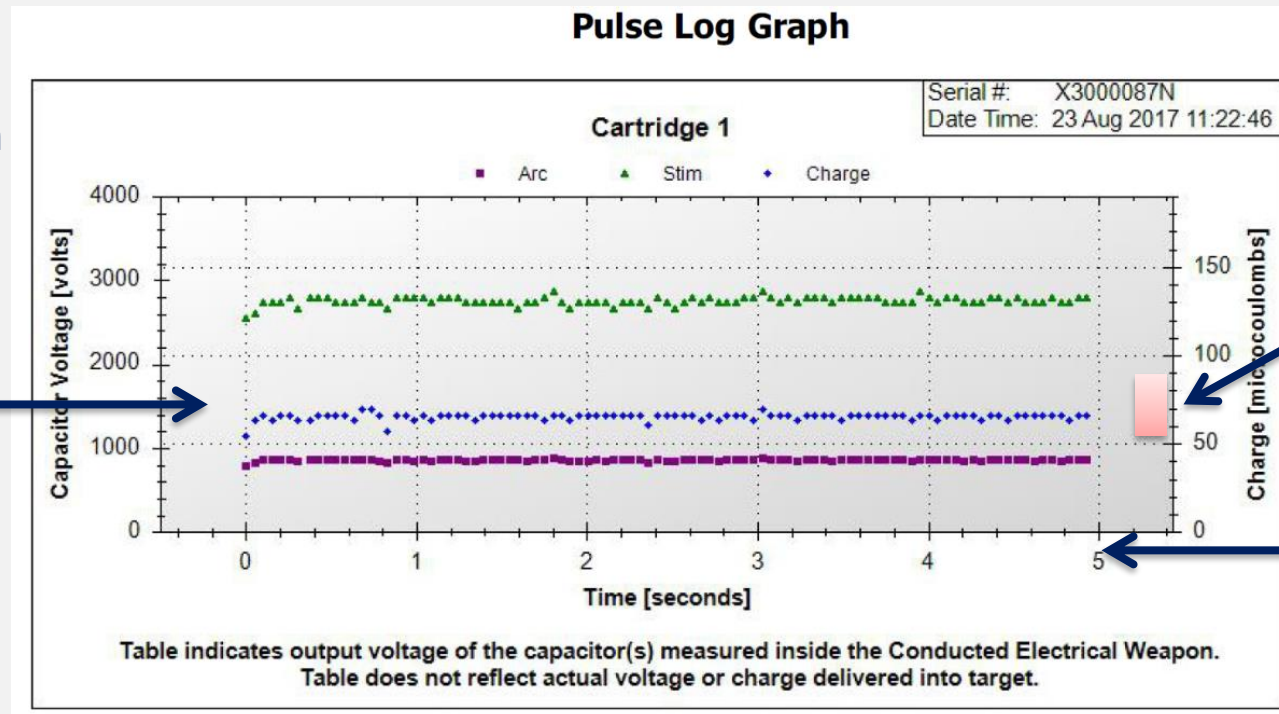
- The “Arc” and “Stimulation” information in the Pulse graph provide information intended to illustrate the CEW’s ongoing efforts to achieve a complete circuit. The Arc and Stimulation portions of the graphs indicate the “Arc” and “Stimulation” in voltage (labeled on the left side of the graph)
- The “Charge” portion of the graph often provides the most beneficial information to the end user by indicating whether or not a complete circuit has been achieved. The Charge portion of the graph indicates the charge in microcoulombs (labeled on the right side of the graph) as determined by electronic circuitry inside the CEW; the data does not reflect actual charge delivered into the target

# Event Log and Pulse Graph Example

Event log  
PDF

Seq #	Local Time [dd:mm::yyyy Hr:min:Sec]	Event [Event Type]	Duration [Seconds]	Temp [Degrees Celsius]	Batt Remaining [%]
6	28 Jun 2013 14:31:03	Armed		27	83
7	28 Jun 2013 14:31:05	Trigger	6		83
8	28 Jun 2013 14:31:12	Safe	9	29	83

Pulse graph



Charge

Charge is within  
TASER specified  
tolerance range

Graph indicates  
duration was 5  
seconds

# Pulse graphs

- The following slides are intended to provide various examples of voluntary exposures and the graphs that resulted
- These slides are not intended to illustrate Pulse graphs that may be generated by usage in the field
- Users are encouraged to pay particular attention to how the Pulse graphs vary and how they differ from video-to-video (e.g. exposure-to-exposure)

# X2 Double Cartridge Exposure

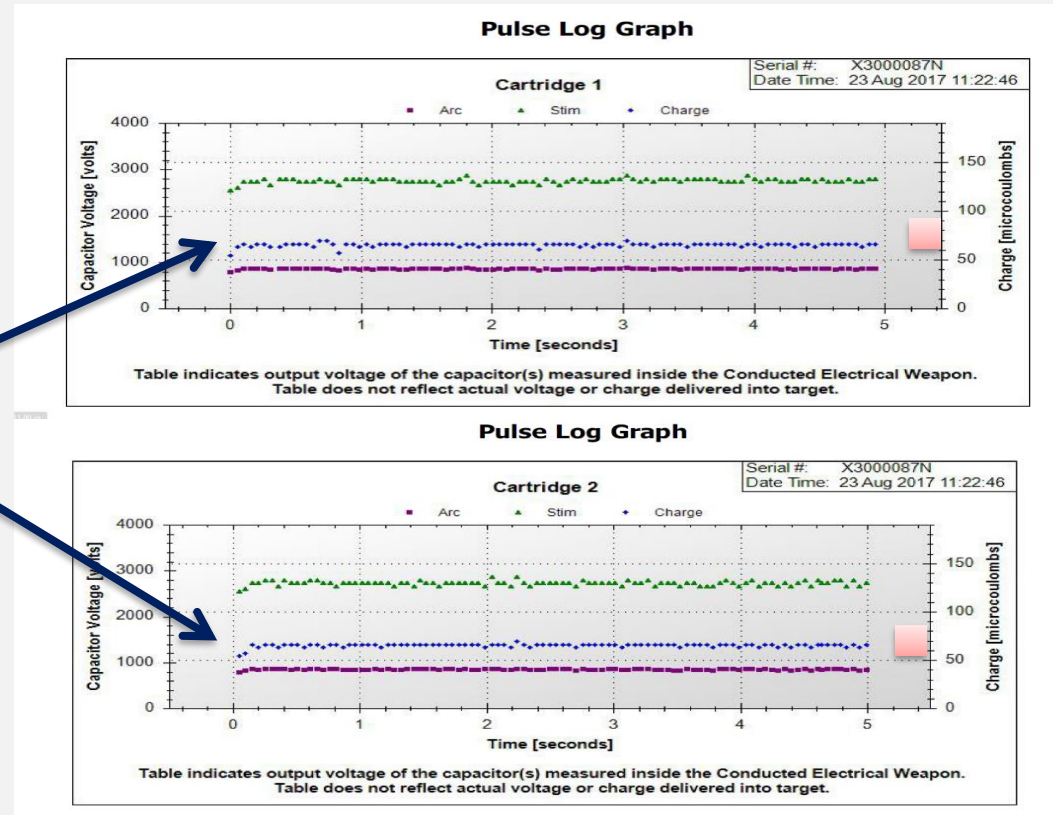


# X2 Double Cartridge Exposure

Pulse graph

Consistent charge showing there is a discharge path from the weapon to a conductive target

Event Log PDF

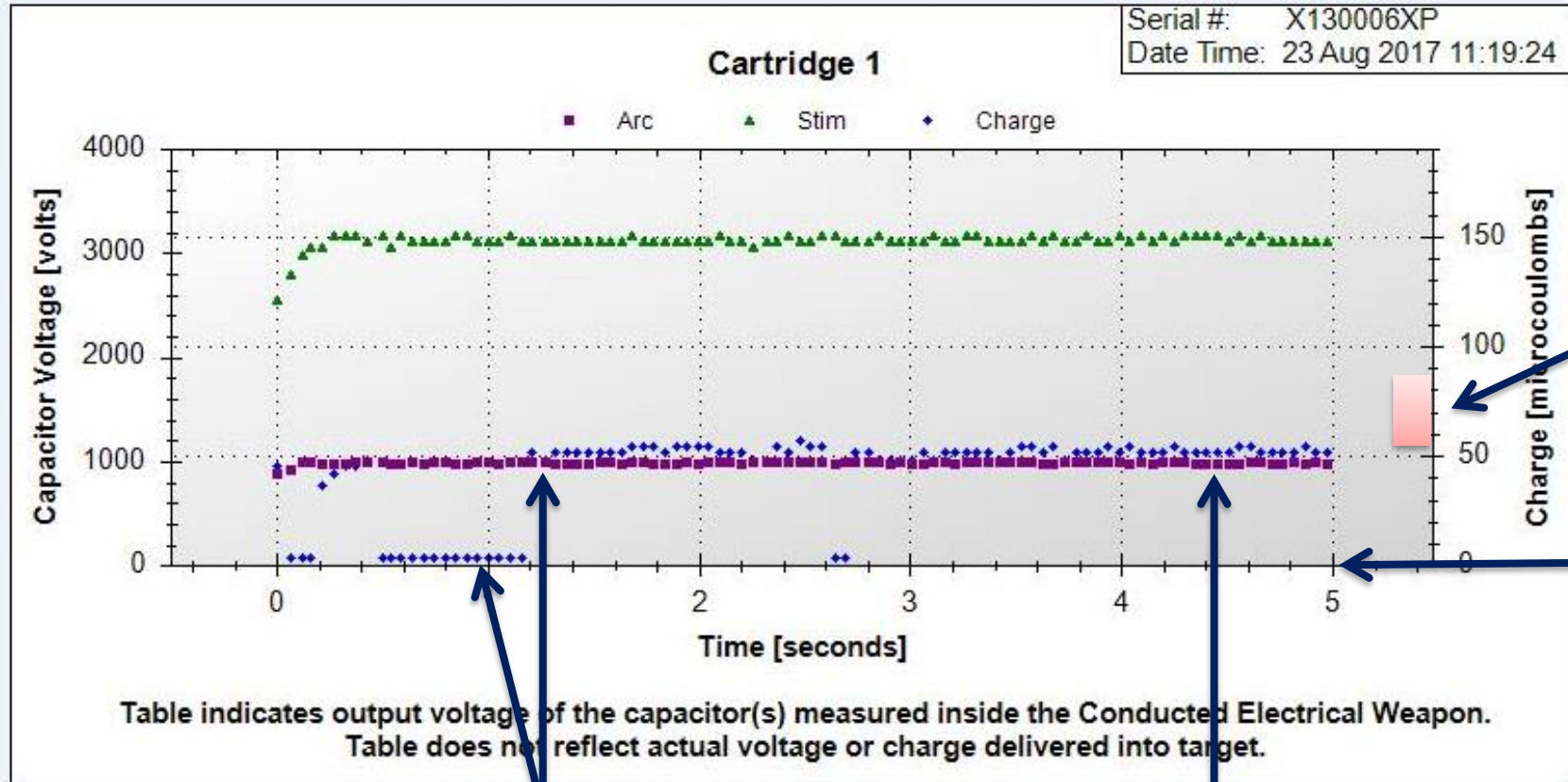


14	23 Aug 2017 11:22:35	Armed	C1: 25' Standard C2: 25' Standard		24 24	69 69
15	23 Aug 2017 11:22:46	Trigger	C1: Deployed	5		69
16	23 Aug 2017 11:22:46	Trigger	C2: Deployed	5		69
17	23 Aug 2017 11:22:53	Safe	C1: Deployed C2: Deployed	18 18	25 25	68 68

# X26P Single Probe Hit – Drive-Stun Follow Up



# X26P Single Probe Hit – Drive-Stun Follow Up



Charge is within  
TASER specified  
tolerance range

Graph indicates  
duration was 5  
seconds

Charge suddenly elevates, typically  
indicating there was prior disconnect;  
followed by a connection in the circuit.

Good output indicates  
a complete circuit

# Open Circuit - Change in PPS

- Smart Weapon firmware 4.029 allows the PPS rate to drop to approximately 9 PPS upon detection of an open circuit
- Designed in an effort to improve the service life of the Smart CEW's
- Upon detecting a closed circuit, the PPS immediately returns to 19 PPS
- This PPS reduction will only take place during an open or incomplete circuit (e.g. single probe hit, clothing disconnect, etc.)
- This change in PPS will not affect daily functionality checks, drive-stuns, or effective probe deployments



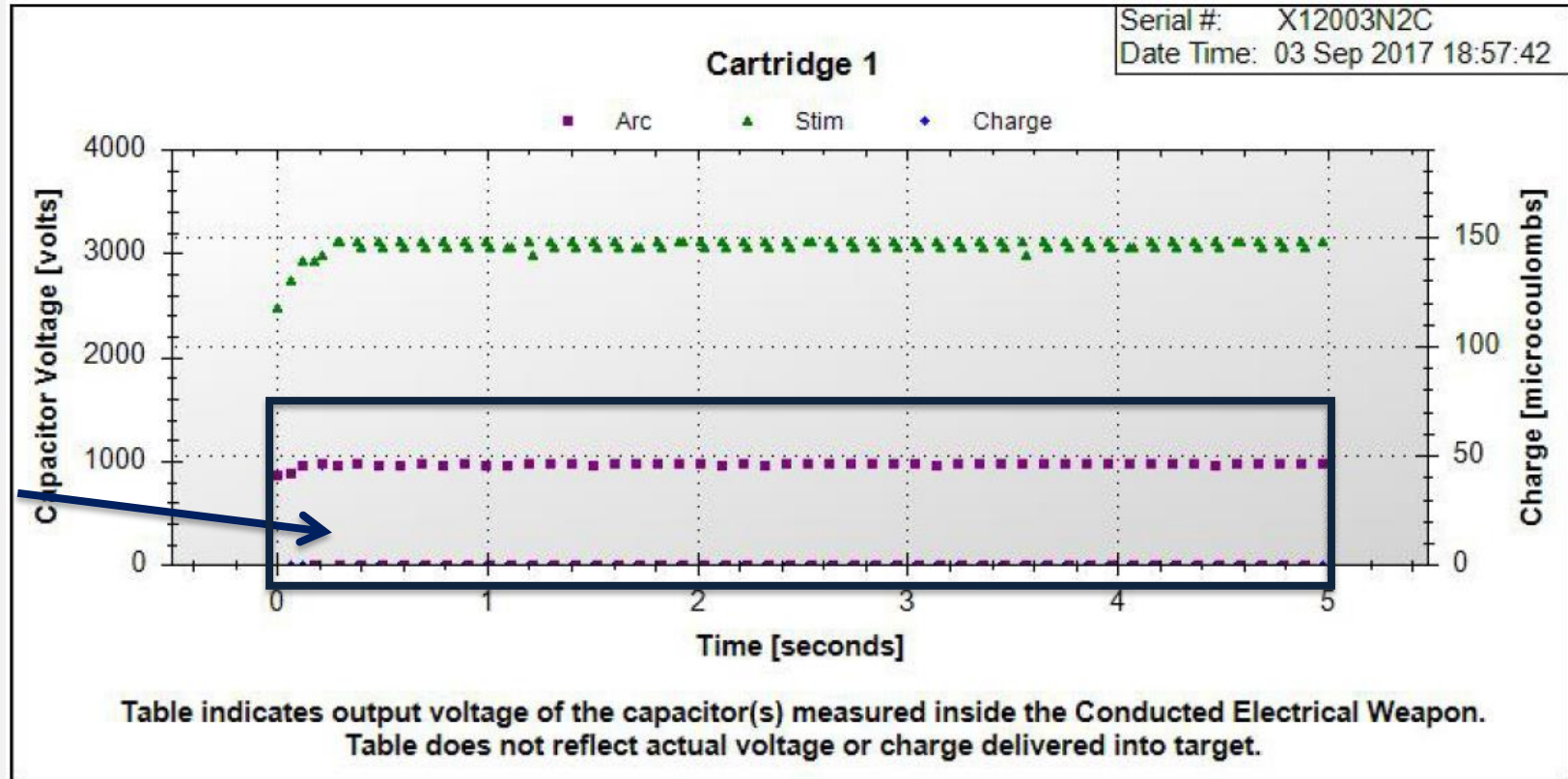
# X26P Miss (Open Circuit)



# X26P Miss (Open Circuit)

## Pulse graph

No charge and no discharge path from the weapon to a conductive target

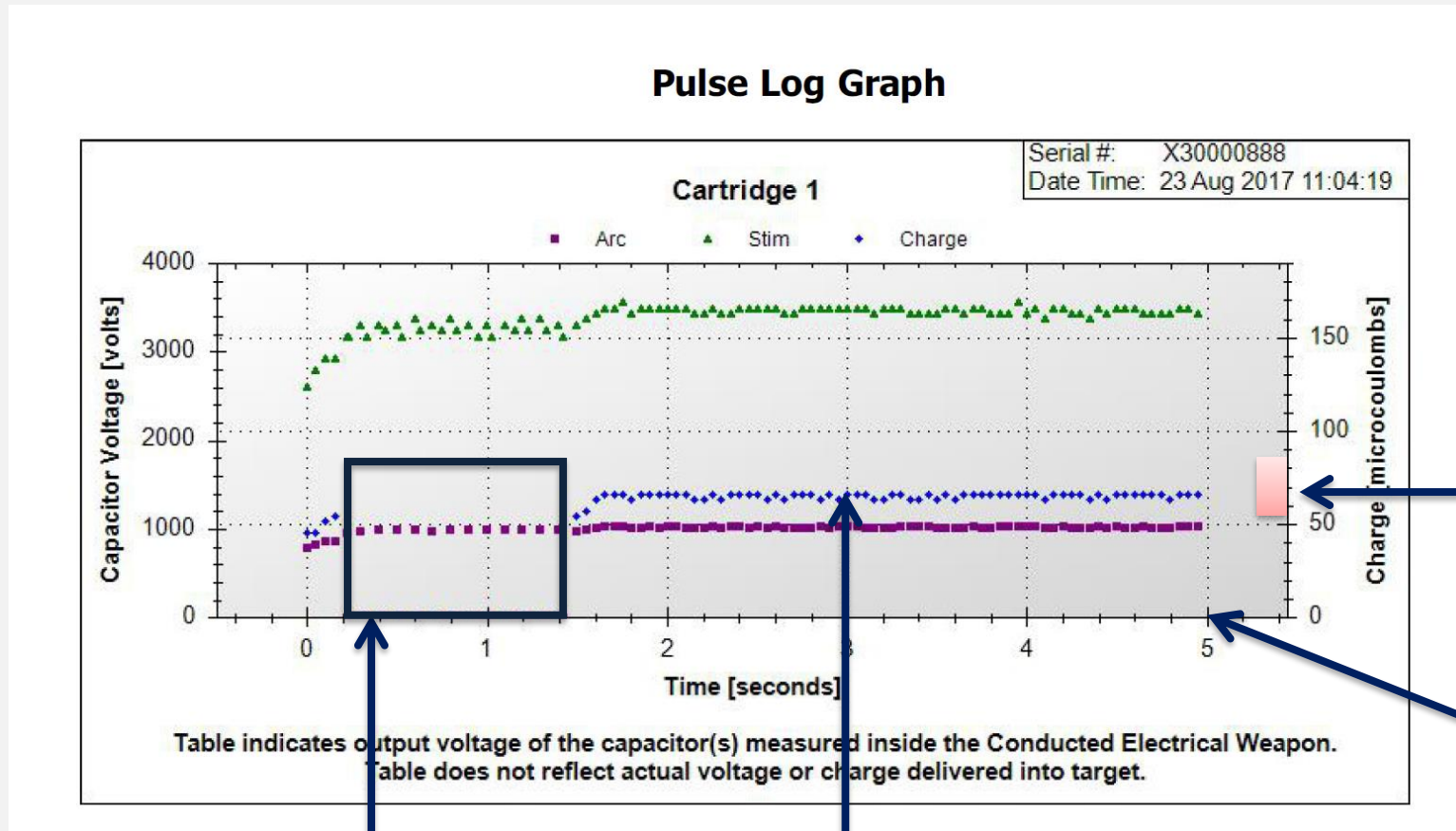


Note lower pulse rate of 9 PPS

# Open Circuit - Brief Clothing Disconnect



# Open Circuit - Brief Clothing Disconnect



Charge is within  
CEW specified  
tolerance range

Graph indicates  
duration was 5  
seconds

No charge and no discharge  
path from the weapon to a  
conductive target. PPS lowers

Consistent charge showing there is a  
discharge path from the weapon to a  
conductive target



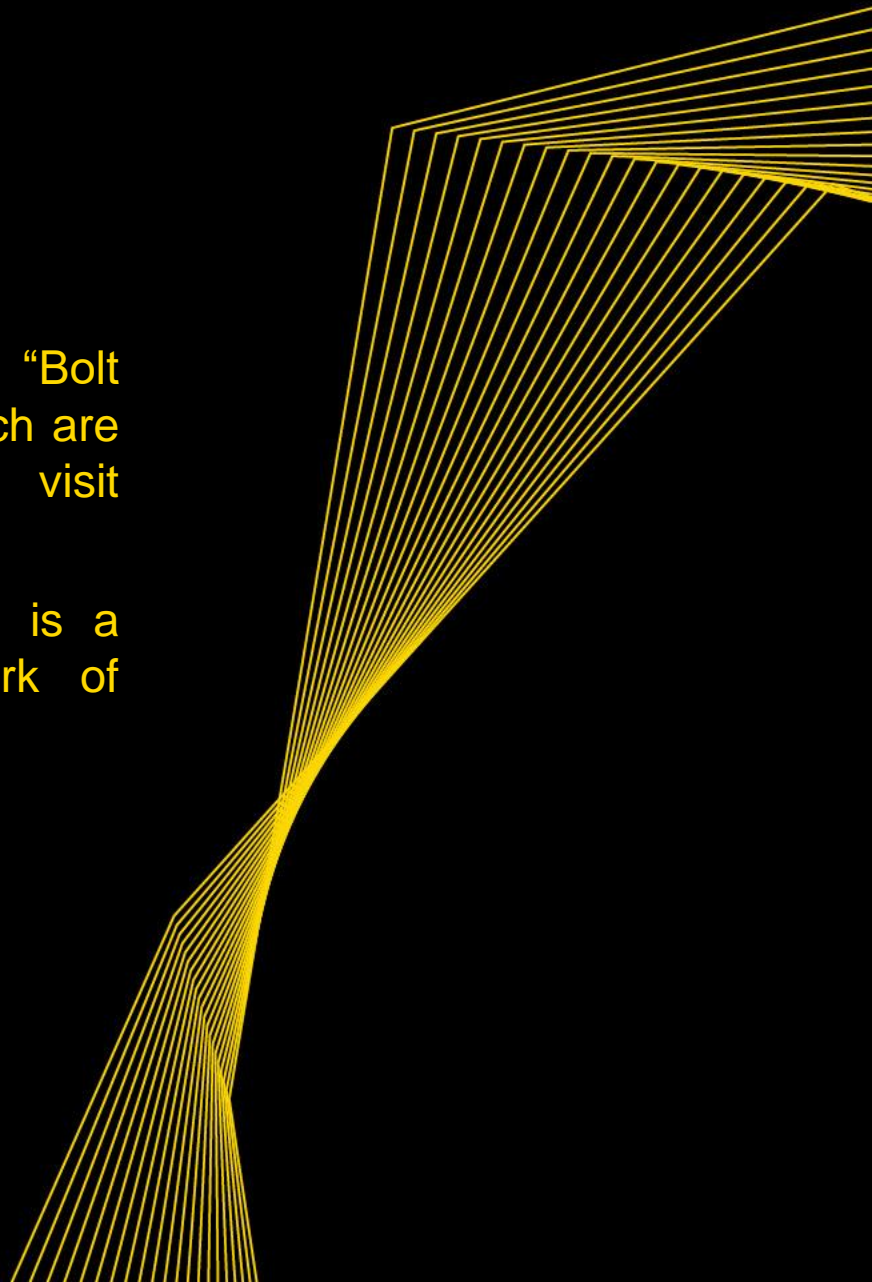
Basic Drills

Live Fire Drills

Practical Exercises

Conclusion and Written Examinations





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